

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 292

DIGEST OF SB 292 (Updated April 4, 2007 7:32 pm - DI 75)

Citations Affected: IC 3-5; IC 3-6; IC 3-7; IC 3-8; IC 3-9; IC 3-10; IC 3-11; IC 3-11.5; IC 3-11.7; IC 3-12; IC 3-13; IC 3-14; IC 5-4; IC 5-10.1; IC 20-23; IC 24-5; IC 36-2; IC 36-5; noncode.

Synopsis: Various election law matters. Makes the following changes in election law: (1) Provides that an identification document issued by the Department of Defense, a branch of the uniformed services, the Merchant Marine, or the Indiana National Guard that has an indefinite expiration date or an identification issued by an approved institution of higher learning is an acceptable proof of identification to vote. (2) Restates county reimbursement procedures for attending the annual election administrators conference. (3) Makes procedural changes concerning small town elections. (4) Provides that a person who is subject to lawful detention but has not been convicted of a crime is eligible to register and vote until the person has been convicted of a crime and imprisoned following conviction. (5) Provides that an individual confined to a long term care facility may not be challenged solely on the basis that the address on the individual's application for an absentee ballot differs from the address shown on the individual's voter registration record. (6) Permits the election commission or a (Continued next page)

Effective: Upon passage; January 1, 2007 (retroactive); July 1, 2007.

Landske, Lawson C

(HOUSE SPONSORS — PIERCE, LEHE, RICHARDSON)

January 11, 2007, read first time and referred to Committee on Local Government and

retrons.
February 1, 2007, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.
February 6, 2007, read second time, ordered engrossed.
February 7, 2007, engrossed.
February 15, 2007, read third time, passed. Yeas 35, nays 11.

HOUSE ACTION

February 26, 2007, read first time and referred to Committee on Elections and Apportionment. April 5, 2007, amended, reported — Do Pass.



county election board to dissolve a committee without being required as part of the dissolution (as under current law) to waive outstanding civil penalties previously imposed on the committee. Specifies that the chairman or treasurer of the committee remains liable for any committee debts, notwithstanding the dissolution of the committee. (7) Specifies the reporting period for large contributions to candidates for statewide office. (8) Revises the instruction to voters who vote a straight party ticket and vote for candidates not on the straight party ticket. (9) Removes a requirement that certain instructions and notices used at the polls must be printed in braille. (10) Provides that if a voter's application for an absentee ballot is denied, the county election board must notify the applicant of the denial and tell the applicant how the application can be corrected and can be approved, if possible. (11) Provides that poll clerks and assistant poll clerks may ask a voter to show proof of identification. (12) Provides that a voter who executes an affidavit at the polls and is indigent or has a religious objection to being photographed is not required to present proof of identification. (13) Provides that when a voter votes as an absentee voter, the voter's signature on the absentee ballot affidavit shall be compared with the signature on the voter's voter registration record. (14) Permits all absentee ballot envelopes and related voter applications that will be sent to the same precinct to be enclosed in the same carrier envelope. (15) Provides for the counting of an absentee ballot received by the county election board before the close of the polls on election day if the ballot is not otherwise successfully challenged. (16) Requires an absentee voter to return the absentee ballot to the precinct election board or the county election board before the voter votes in person at the precinct. (17) Specifies other absentee ballot procedures. (18) Requires the counting of a ballot (other than an absentee ballot not initialed by the appropriate election officials) that has been marked and cast by a voter in compliance with election law but may otherwise not be counted solely as the result of the act or failure to act of an election officer unless evidence of fraud, tampering, or misconduct affecting the integrity of the ballot is presented. (19) Permits a county election board to inspect the register or other recording device on an electronic voting system without obtaining the authority of the state recount commission. Repeals a statute imposing criminal penalties for the inspection of a voting system without the permission of the recount commission. (20) Establishes procedures for conducting a special election for United States Representative in conformity with a federal law applicable when there are more than 100 vacancies. (21) Provides for special elections when a vacancy exists in the general assembly in an office formerly held by a person elected as an independent candidate or as the candidate of a minor political party. (22) Changes several dates concerning the certification of ballot questions and devices to conform to the date in current law for the certification of candidates. (23) Revises precinct boundary change procedures. (24) Authorizes the approval of certain precinct establishment orders before the 2007 general election. (25) For voting system violations: (A) defines "election" for purposes of the secretary of state's enforcement of violations; and (B) specifies that, in computing the maximum civil penalty, a violation that occurs in more than one county is subject to the maximum civil penalty in each county. (26) Provides that the voting system technical oversight program account is nonreverting and that voting system application fees are to be deposited in the account. Continuously appropriates money in the account. (27) Authorizes the election division to conduct audits to determine compliance with federal and state laws requiring the securing and retention of election records. (28) Provides that voters who reside within the portion of a municipality located in a vote center pilot county may vote using vote center pilot county procedures. (29) Restates the maximum amount of a cash deposit or bond in a local recount proceeding. (30) Amends (Continued next page)

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provisions concerning candidate ballot vacancy procedures. (31) Provides that a person who pays or accepts property to obtain signatures on a petition for ballot access commits a Class D felony if certain conditions exist. (32) Authorizes a county to purchase blanket bonds to cover the elected officers of one or more local government units within the county. (33) Provides for an exemption from withholding Social Security taxes from amounts paid to election officials or workers that are less than \$1,300 per year. (34) Provides for the initiation of the change of a school corporation's organization plan if 10% of the active voters in the school corporation sign a petition for the change. (Under current law, 20% of the voters in a school corporation must support a petition for a change in the school corporation's organization plan.) (35) Provides for the election of the members of the governing body of the Mishawaka school corporation. (36) Provides that the statute that regulates automatic dialing machines does not apply to calls initiated by a public opinion polling organization. Provides that the statute that prohibits the use of an automatic dialing-announcing device under certain circumstances does not apply to surveying public opinion. (37) Requires the Spencer County election board to place an advisory local public question on the November 2007 municipal election ballot asking the voters of the town of Grandview whether they would support funding a storm water utility through a fee added to their utility bills. (38) Updates references to federal law. (39) Repeals obsolete references to certificates of election issued by the county auditor, paper ballots, and special polling places.







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C o p

First Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2007)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2006 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 292

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 3-5-2-40.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.109-2005,
2	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 40.5. "Proof of identification" refers to a
4	document that satisfies all the following:
5	(1) The document shows the name of the individual to whom the

elections and to make an appropriation.

- (1) The document shows the name of the individual to whom the document was issued, and the name conforms to the name in the individual's voter registration record.
- (2) The document shows a photograph of the individual to whom the document was issued.
- (3) The document includes an expiration date, and the document: (A) is not expired; or
 - (B) expired after the date of the most recent general election.
- (4) The document was issued by any of the following:
 - (A) The United States. or Notwithstanding subdivision (3), a document issued by the United States Department of

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1	Defense, a branch of the uniformed services, the Merchant
2	Marine, or the Indiana National Guard that:
3	(i) otherwise complies with the requirements of this
4	section; and
5	(ii) has no expiration date or states that the document
6	has an indefinite expiration date;
7	is sufficient proof of identification for purposes of this title.
8	(B) The state of Indiana.
9	(C) An approved institution of higher learning (as defined
10	in IC 20-12-21-3).
11	SECTION 2. IC 3-5-4-1.9, AS ADDED BY P.L.164-2006,
12	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
13	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1.9. (a) This section does not apply to a
14	delinquent campaign finance filing received under IC 3-9.
15	(b) This section does not apply to an application for voter
16	registration received while registration is closed under IC 3-7.
17	(c) Except as otherwise provided in this title, the election division,
18	an election board, a circuit court clerk, a county voter registration
19	office, or any other official responsible for receiving a filing under this
20	title may not receive a filing that is offered to be filed after a deadline
21	for the filing provided by this title.
22	SECTION 3. IC 3-5-4-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.230-2005,
23	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. Except as otherwise provided in this title,
25	a reference to a federal statute or regulation in this title is a reference
26	to the statute or regulation as in effect January 1, 2005. 2007.
27	SECTION 4. IC 3-5-4.5-2.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
28	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2.5. (a) This section applies to an absentee
30	ballot cast by an individual confined in a long term care facility.
31	(b) A person may not challenge the right of an individual to vote
32	at an election by absentee ballot solely on the basis that the address
33	on the individual's application for an absentee ballot differs from
34	the address shown on the individual's voter registration record.
35	SECTION 5. IC 3-6-3-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
36	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) After the state chairman
37	of a political party files a statement with the election division certifying
38	that the party's name has been changed in accordance with all
39	applicable party rules, a political party shall be known by the political
40	party's new name, and the party has all the rights it had under its former
41	name.

(b) If the state chairman of a political party files a statement under



1	subsection (a) after the printing of ballots for use at an election
2	conducted under this title has begun, the election division or the
3	election board responsible for printing the ballots is not required to
4	alter the ballots to state the new name of the political party.
5	SECTION 6. IC 3-6-4.2-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
6	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 14. (a) Each year in
7	which a general or municipal election is held, the election division
8	shall call a meeting of all the members of the county election boards
9	and the boards of registration to instruct them as to their duties under
10	this title and federal law (including HAVA and NVRA). The election
11	division may, but is not required to, call a meeting under this section
12	during a year in which a general or a municipal election is not held.
13	(b) Each circuit court clerk shall attend a meeting called by the
14	election division under this section.
15	(c) The co-directors of the election division shall set the time and
16	place of the instructional meeting. In years in which a primary election
17	is held, the election division:
18	(1) may conduct the meeting before the first day of the year; and
19	(2) shall conduct the meeting before primary election day.
20	The instructional meeting may not last for more than two (2) days.
21	(d) Each member of a county election board or board of registration
22	and an individual who has been elected or selected to serve as circuit
23	court clerk but has not yet begun serving in that office is entitled to
24	receive all of the following from the county general fund without
25	appropriation:
26	(1) A per diem of twenty-four dollars (\$24) for attending the
27	instructional meeting called by the election division under this
28	section.
29	(2) A mileage allowance at the state rate for the distance
30	necessarily traveled in going and returning from the place of the
31	instructional meeting called by the election division under this
32	section.
33	(3) Reimbursement for the payment of the instructional meeting
34	registration fee. from the county general fund without
35	appropriation.
36	(4) An allowance for lodging for each night preceding conference
37	attendance equal to the lodging allowance provided to state
38	employees in travel status.
39	SECTION 7. IC 3-7-13-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
40	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) A person who is:
41	(1) convicted of a crime; and
42	(2) imprisoned following conviction;



1	is deprived of the right of suffrage by the general assembly pursuant to
2	Article 2, Section 8 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana.
3	(b) A person described in subsection (a) is ineligible to register
4	under this article during the period that the person is:
5	(1) imprisoned; or
6	(2) otherwise subject to lawful detention.
7	(c) A person who is subject to lawful detention but has not been
8	convicted of a crime is eligible to:
9	(1) register under this article; and
10	(2) vote;
11	until the person has been convicted of a crime and imprisoned
12	following conviction.
13	SECTION 8. IC 3-8-5-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
14	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 14. (a) A certificate of nomination
15	executed under section 13 of this chapter must be signed before a
16	person authorized to administer oaths and certify the following
17	information:
18	(1) The name of the party, the town where the convention was
19	held, the date of the convention, and the date of the town election.
20	(2) The name, residence, and office of each candidate that was
21	nominated at the convention.
22	(3) That each candidate for town council resides in the ward for
23	which the person is a candidate.
24	(4) That each candidate is a registered voter of the town and
25	legally qualified to hold the office for which the person is a
26	candidate.
27	(5) (2) The title of the party that the candidates represent and the
28	device by which the candidates may be designated on the ballots
29	(a symbol to designate the party).
30	(6) (3) The signature and residence address of the presiding
31	officer and secretary of the convention.
32	(b) The certificate of nomination must be filed with the circuit court
33	clerk of the county where the convention was held.
34	SECTION 9. IC 3-8-6-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
35	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 12. (a) A petition of nomination for
36	an office filed under section 10 of this chapter must be filed with and,
37	except as provided in subsection (d), certified by the person with whom
38	a declaration of candidacy must be filed under IC 3-8-2.
39	(b) The petition of nomination must be accompanied by the
40	following:
41	(1) The candidate's written consent to become a candidate.
42	(2) A statement that the candidate:



1	(A) is aware of the provisions of IC 3-9 regarding campaign
2	finance and the reporting of campaign contributions and
3	expenditures; and
4	(B) agrees to comply with the provisions of IC 3-9.
5	The candidate must separately sign the statement required by this
6	subdivision.
7	(3) If the candidate is subject to IC 3-9-1-5, a statement by the
8	candidate that the candidate has filed a campaign finance
9	statement of organization under IC 3-9-1-5 or is aware that the
10	candidate may be required to file a campaign finance statement of
11	organization not later than noon seven (7) days after the final date
12	for filing a petition for nomination under section 10 of this
13	chapter. (4) If the condidate is subject to IC 2.0.1.5.5, a statement by the
14	(4) If the candidate is subject to IC 3-9-1-5.5, a statement by the candidate that the candidate is aware of the requirement to file a
15	•
16	campaign finance statement of organization under IC 3-9 after the
17	first of either of the following occurs:
18	(A) The candidate receives more than five hundred dollars
19	(\$500) in contributions.
20	(B) The candidate makes more than five hundred dollars
21	(\$500) in expenditures.
22 23	(5) A statement indicating whether or not each candidate:
23	(A) has been a candidate for state or local office in a previous
25	primary or general election; and (B) has filed all reports required by IC 3-9-5-10 for all
26	previous candidacies.
27	(6) A statement that each candidate is legally qualified to hold the
28	office that the candidate seeks, including any applicable residency
29	requirements and restrictions on service due to a criminal
30	conviction.
31	(7) If the petition is filed with the secretary of state for an office
32	not elected by the electorate of the whole state, a statement signed
33	by the circuit court clerk of each county in the election district of
34	the office sought by the individual.
35	(8) Any statement of economic interests required under
36	IC 3-8-1-33.
37	(c) The statement required under subsection (b)(7) must:
38	(1) be certified by each circuit court clerk; and
39	(2) indicate the number of votes cast for secretary of state:
40	(A) at the last election for secretary of state; and
41	(B) in the part of the county included in the election district of
42	the office sought by the individual filing the petition.
74	the office sought by the marriagal filling the petition.



1	(d) The person with whom the petition of nomination must be filed
2	under subsection (a) shall:
3	(1) determine whether a sufficient number of signatures as
4	required by section 3 of this chapter have been obtained; and
5	(2) do one (1) of the following:
6	(A) If the petition includes a sufficient number of signatures,
7	certify the petition.
8	(B) If the petition has an insufficient number of signatures,
9	deny the certification.
10	(e) The secretary of state shall, by noon August 20: of the date
11	specified under IC 3-8-7-16 for the certification of candidates and
12	public questions by the election division:
13	(1) certify; or
14	(2) deny certification under subsection (d) to;
15	each petition of nomination filed in the secretary of state's office to the
16	appropriate county.
17	(f) The commission shall provide that the form of a petition of
18	nomination includes the following information near the separate
19	signature required by subsection (b)(2):
20	(1) The dates for filing campaign finance reports under IC 3-9.
21	(2) The penalties for late filing of campaign finance reports under
22	IC 3-9.
23	(g) A candidate's consent to become a candidate must include a
24	statement that the candidate requests the name on the candidate's voter
25	registration record be the same as the name the candidate uses on the
26	consent to become a candidate. If there is a difference between the
27	name on the candidate's consent to become a candidate and the name
28	on the candidate's voter registration record, the officer with whom the
29	consent to become a candidate is filed shall forward the information to
30	the voter registration officer of the appropriate county as required by
31	IC 3-5-7-6(e). The voter registration officer of the appropriate county
32	shall change the name on the candidate's voter registration record to be
33	the same as the name on the candidate's consent to become a candidate.
34	(h) If the person with whom the petition was filed denies
35	certification under subsection (d), the person shall notify the candidate
36	immediately by certified mail.
37	(i) A candidate may contest the denial of certification under
38	subsection (d) based on:
39	(1) the circuit court clerk's or board of registration's failure to
40	certify, under section 8 of this chapter, qualified petitioners; or
41	(2) the determination described in subsection (d)(1);

using the procedure in IC 3-8-1-2 and section 14 of this chapter that



1	applies to questions concerning the validity of a petition of nomination.
2	SECTION 10. IC 3-8-7-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.230-2005,
3	SECTION 31, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. (a) Except as provided in subsection (f),
5	if a political party has filed a statement with the election division (or
6	any of its predecessors) that the device selected by the political party
7	be used to designate the candidates of the political party on the ballot
8	for all elections throughout the state, the device must be used until:
9	(1) the device is changed in accordance with party rules; and
10	(2) a statement concerning the use of the new device is filed with
11	the election division.
12	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), the device may be any
13	appropriate symbol.
14	(c) A political party or an independent candidate may not use any
15	of the following as a device:
16	(1) A symbol that has previously been filed by a political party or
17	candidate with the election division (or any of its predecessors).
18	(2) The coat of arms or seal of the state or of the United States.
19	(3) The national or state flag. or
20	(4) Any other emblem common to the people.
21	(d) Not later than noon August 20, before each seventy-four (74)
22	days before a general or municipal election, the election division shall
23	provide each county election board with a camera-ready copy of the
24	device under which the candidates of the political party or the
25	petitioner are to be listed so that ballots may be prepared using the best
26	possible reproduction of the device.
27	(e) This subsection applies to a candidate or political party whose
28	device is not filed with the election division under subsection (a) and
29	is to be printed only on ballots to identify candidates for election to a
30	local office. Not later than noon August 20, seventy-four (74) days
31	before a general or municipal election, the chairman of the political
32	party or the petitioner of nomination shall file a camera-ready copy of
33	the device under which the candidates of the political party or the
34	petitioner are to be listed with the county election board of each county
35	in which the name of the candidate or party will be placed on the ballot.
36	The county election board shall provide the camera-ready copy of the
37	device to the town election board of a town located wholly or partially
38	within the county upon request by the town election board.
39	(f) If a copy of the device is not filed in accordance with subsection

(a) or (e), or unless a device is designated in accordance with section

26 or 27 of this chapter, the county election board or town election

board is not required to use any device to designate the list of



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1	candidates.
2	(g) If a device is filed with the election division or an election
3	board after the commencement of printing of ballots for use at an
4	election conducted under this title, the election board responsible
5	for printing the ballots is not required to alter the ballots to include
6	the device filed under this subsection.
7	SECTION 11. IC 3-8-7-25.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 25.5. (a) This
9	section does not apply to the change of a candidate's name that occurs
10	after absentee ballots have been printed bearing the candidate's name.
11	(b) A candidate who:
12	(1) is:
13	(A) nominated for election; or
14	(B) a candidate for nomination; and
15	(2) changed the candidate's legal name after:
16	(A) the candidate has been nominated; or
17	(B) the candidate has become a candidate for nomination;
18	shall file a statement setting forth the former and current legal name of
19	the candidate with the office where a declaration of candidacy or
20	certificate of nomination for the office is required to be filed. If the
21	final date and hour has not passed for filing a declaration of candidacy,
22	consent for nomination, or declaration of intent to be a write-in
23	candidate, the candidate must file the request for a change of name on
24	the form prescribed by the commission for the declaration or consent.
25	(c) The statement filed under subsection (b) must also indicate the
26	following:
27	(1) That the candidate has previously filed a change of name
28	request with a county voter registration office so that the name set
29	forth in the statement is identical to the candidate's name on the
30	county voter registration record.
31	(2) How the candidate's legal name was changed.
32	(d) Upon the filing of the statement, the election division and each
33	county election board shall print the candidate's legal name on the
34	ballot as set forth in the statement.
35	SECTION 12. IC 3-9-1-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
36	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) A
37	committee may disband at any time in the manner prescribed by this
38	section.
39	(b) The commission or a county election board may administratively
40	disband a committee in the manner prescribed by this section.
41	(c) The commission has exclusive jurisdiction to disband any of the



following:

1	(1) A candidate's committee for state office.	
2	(2) A candidate's committee for legislative office.	
3	(3) A legislative caucus committee.	
4	(4) A political action committee that has filed a statement or	
5	report with the election division.	
6	(5) A regular party committee that has filed a statement or report	
7	with the election division.	
8	(d) A county election board has exclusive jurisdiction to disband	
9	any of the following:	
10	(1) A candidate's committee for a local office.	
11	(2) A candidate's committee for a school board office.	
12	(3) A political action committee that has filed a statement or	
13	report with the election board, unless the political action	
14	committee has also filed a report with the election division.	
15	(4) A regular party committee that has filed a statement or report	
16	with the election board, unless the regular party committee has	
17	also filed a report with the election division.	
18	(e) The commission or a county election board may administratively	
19	disband a committee in the following manner:	
20	(1) Not later than the last Friday of January of each year, the	
21	election division or county election board shall review the list of	
22	committees that have filed statements of organization with the	
23	division or board under this article.	
24	(2) If the election division or county election board determines	
25	both of the following, the election division or county election	
26	board may begin a proceeding before the commission or board to	
27	administratively disband the committee:	
28	(A) The committee has not filed any report of expenditures	
29	during the previous three (3) calendar years.	
30	(B) The committee last reported cash on hand in an amount	
31	that does not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000), if the	
32	committee filed a report under this article.	
33	(3) The election division or county election board shall provide	
34	notice of the proceeding by certified mail to the last known	
35	address of the chairman and treasurer of the committee.	
36	(4) The commission or board may issue an order administratively	
37	dissolving the committee and waiving any outstanding civil	
38	penalty previously imposed by the commission or board, if the	
39	commission or board makes the following findings:	
40	(A) There is no evidence that the committee continues to	
41	receive contributions, make expenditures, or otherwise	
12	function as a committee.	



1	(B) The prudent use of public resources makes further efforts
2	to collect any outstanding civil penalty imposed against the
3	committee wasteful or unjust.
4	(C) (B) According to the best evidence available to the
5	commission or board, the dissolution of the committee will not
6 7	impair any contract or impede the collection of a debt or judgment by any person.
8	(5) If the commission or board administratively dissolves a
9	committee under subdivision (4), the commission or board
10	may also waive any outstanding civil penalty previously
11	imposed by the commission or board against the committee,
12	if the commission or board finds that the prudent use of
13	public resources makes further efforts to collect any
14	outstanding civil penalty imposed against the committee to be
15	wasteful or unjust.
16	(5) (6) The election division shall arrange for the publication in
17	the Indiana Register of an order administratively disbanding a
18	committee. A county election board shall publish a notice under
19	IC 5-3-1 stating that the board has disbanded a committee under
20	this subsection. The notice must state the date of the order and the
21	name of the committee, but the board is not required to publish
22	the text of the order.
23	(6) (7) An order issued under this subsection takes effect
24	immediately upon its adoption, unless otherwise specified in the
25	order.
26	(f) If the chairman or treasurer of a committee wishes to disband the
27	committee, the committee must do either of the following:
28	(1) Give written notification of the dissolution and transfer a
29	surplus of contributions less expenditures to any one (1) or a
30	combination of the following: (A) One (1) or more regular party committees
31 32	(A) One (1) or more regular party committees.(B) One (1) or more candidate's committees.
33	(C) The election division.
34	(D) An organization exempt from federal income taxation
35	under Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code.
36	(E) Contributors to the committee, on a pro rata basis.
37	(2) Use the surplus in any other manner permitted under
38	IC 3-9-3-4.
39	(g) Except as provided in subsection (e) concerning the waiver of
40	civil penalties, a dissolution or transfer of funds does not relieve the
41	committee or the committee's members from any:
42	(1) civil liability, including the liability of the committee's



1	chairman or treasurer for the payment of any debts incurred
2	by or on behalf of the committee; or
3	(2) criminal liability.
4	SECTION 13. IC 3-9-5-22, AS ADDED BY P.L.221-2005,
5	SECTION 27, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 22. (a) This section applies only to a large
7	contribution that is received by a candidate for a state office, the
8	candidate's committee, or the treasurer of the candidate's committee.
9	(b) As used in this section, "election" refers to any of the following:
10	(1) For a candidate nominated at a primary election, the primary
11	election.
12	(2) For a candidate nominated at a state convention, the state
13	convention.
14	(3) A general election.
15	(c) As used in this section, "large contribution" means either of the
16	following:
17	(1) Contributions:
18	(A) that total at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000); and
19	(B) that are received
20	(i) after the end of a reporting period and before the deadline
21	for the candidate's committee to file a report under section
22	6 of this chapter: and
23	(ii) not less than forty-eight (48) hours before an election.
24	(2) A single contribution that is at least ten thousand dollars
25	(\$10,000) that is received at any time.
26	(d) The treasurer of a candidate's committee shall file a
27	supplemental large contribution report with the election division not
28	later than:
29	(1) forty-eight (48) hours after a contribution described by
30	subsection (c)(1) is received; or
31	(2) noon seven (7) days after a contribution described by
32	subsection (c)(2) is received.
33	(e) A report filed under this section may be filed by facsimile
34	transmission or as an electronic report when the requirements of
35	IC 3-9-4 or this chapter have been met. A report required by subsection
36	(d) must contain the following information for each large contribution:
37	(1) The name of the person making the contribution.
38	(2) The address of the person making the contribution.
39	(3) If the person making the contribution is an individual, the
40	individual's occupation.
41 12	(4) The total amount of the contribution.
. /	is in a datag and times the contributions making up the large



1	contribution described in subsection (c)(1) or a large contribution
2	described in subsection (c)(2) were received by the treasurer, the
3	candidate, or the candidate's committee.
4	(f) The commission shall prescribe the form for the report required
5	by this section.
6	SECTION 14. IC 3-10-1-7.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2006,
7	SECTION 67, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7.2. (a) Except as provided in subsection (e),
9	a voter who desires to vote an official ballot at a primary election shall
10	provide proof of identification.
11	(b) Except as provided in subsection (e), before the voter proceeds
12	to vote in a primary election, a member of the precinct election board
13	officer shall ask the voter to provide proof of identification. The voter
14	must produce the proof of identification before being permitted to sign
15	the poll list.
16	(c) If:
17	(1) the voter is unable or declines to present the proof of
18	identification; or
19	(2) a member of the precinct election board determines that the
20	proof of identification presented by the voter does not qualify as
21	proof of identification under IC 3-5-2-40.5;
22	a member of the precinct election board shall challenge the voter as
23	prescribed by IC 3-11-8.
24	(d) If the voter executes a challenged voter's affidavit under section
25	9 of this chapter or IC 3-11-8-22.1, the voter may:
26	(1) sign the poll list; and
27	(2) receive a provisional ballot.
28	(e) A voter described by either of the following is not required
29	to provide proof of identification before voting in a primary
30	election:
31	(1) A voter who votes in person at a precinct polling place that is
32	located at a state licensed care facility where the voter resides. is
33	not required to provide proof of identification before voting in a
34	primary election.
35	(2) A voter who executes an affidavit, in the form prescribed
36	by the commission, affirming under the penalties of perjury
37	that the voter satisfies either of the following:
38	(A) The voter is:
39	(i) indigent; and
40	(ii) unable to obtain proof of identification without the
41	payment of a fee.
42	(B) The voter has a religious objection to being



1	photographed.
2	SECTION 15. IC 3-10-3-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1. (a) Whenever a
4	proposed state constitutional amendment or other public question is
5	submitted by the general assembly under Article 16 of the Constitution
6	of the State of Indiana to the electorate of the state for a popular vote,
7	the election division shall certify the public question to the county
8	election board of each county.
9	(b) If the vote is to occur at a general election, the election division
10	shall certify by noon August 20 before the election. of the date
11	specified under IC 3-8-7-16 for the election division to certify
12	candidates and other public questions for the general election
13	ballot. If a special election is to be held, the election division shall
14	certify at least thirty (30) days before the election. Each county election
15	board shall publish notice of the public question in accordance with
16	IC 5-3-1.
17	SECTION 16. IC 3-10-8-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2006,
18	SECTION 76, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. A special election shall be held in the
20	following cases:
21	(1) Whenever two (2) or more candidates for a federal, state,
22	legislative, circuit, or school board office receive the highest and
23	an equal number of votes for the office, except as provided in
24	Article 5, Section 5 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana or
25	in IC 20.
26	(2) Whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of United States
27	Senator, as provided in IC 3-13-3-1.
28	(3) Whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of United States
29	Representative, unless the vacancy:
30	(A) occurs less than thirty (30) days before a general election;
31	or
32	(B) exists following an announcement of extraordinary
33	circumstances by the Speaker of the House of
34	Representatives of the United States under 2 U.S.C. 8(b),
35	if an election for the office would otherwise be conducted
36	during the period described by 2 U.S.C. 8(b)(2)(A) or 2
37	U.S.C. $8(b)(2)(B)$.
38	(4) Whenever a vacancy occurs in any local office the filling of
39	which is not otherwise provided by law.
40	(5) Whenever required by law for a public question.
41	(6) Whenever ordered by a court under IC 3-12-8-17 or the state



recount commission under IC 3-12-11-18.

1	(7) Whenever required under IC 3-13-5 to fill a vacancy in a
2	legislative office unless the vacancy occurs less than thirty (30)
3	days before a general election.
4	SECTION 17. IC 3-10-8-7.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
5	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7.5. (a) This section applies to a special
7	election to fill one (1) or more vacancies in the office of United
8	States Representative under 2 U.S.C. 8(b).
9	(b) A special election conducted under this section shall be
10	governed by other provisions of this title as far as applicable.
11	(c) A political party entitled to fill a candidate vacancy under
12	IC 3-13-2 may nominate a candidate for election to the office under
13	IC 3-13-2-3.
14	(d) If a candidate does not intend to affiliate with a political
15	party described by subsection (c), the candidate may:
16	(1) be nominated as an independent or candidate of a political
17	party by petition in accordance with IC 3-8-6; or
18	(2) file a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate under
19	IC 3-8-2-4(b).
20	(e) A certificate of candidate selection under IC 3-13-2-8, a
21	petition of nomination, or a declaration of intent to be a write-in
22	candidate must be filed with the election division not later than
23	noon thirty-five (35) days before the special election is to be
24	conducted.
25	(f) A candidate may file a notice of withdrawal with the election
26	division not later than noon thirty-three (33) days before the
27	special election is to be conducted.
28	(g) As required under 2 U.S.C. 8(b)(5)(B), and notwithstanding
29	IC 3-11-10-14, an absentee ballot cast by an absent uniformed
30	services voter or an overseas voter may be received by a county
31	election board up to forty-five (45) days after the absentee ballot
32	was transmitted to the voter.
33	(h) Notwithstanding IC 3-12-5-8(a), if the ballot is determined
34	by the county election board to be otherwise valid, the circuit court
35	clerk shall file an amendment to the certified statement previously
36	filed under IC 3-12-5-6 with the election division not later than
37	noon seven (7) days following the determination of the validity of
38	the ballot. Notwithstanding IC 3-12-5-9, the election division, the
39	secretary of state, and the governor shall prepare, execute, and
40	transmit a replacement certificate of election if the amendment

filed under this subsection results in a different candidate receiving



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the highest number of votes for the office.

1	SECTION 18. IC 3-11-1.5-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 16. (a) If a
3	proposed precinct establishment order includes a legal description of
4	a precinct with a boundary that follows the boundary of a municipality,
5	state legislative district, or municipal legislative district, the order must
6	include the following:
7	(1) A description in metes and bounds that identifies the boundary
8	as that of a municipality, state legislative district, or municipal
9	legislative district.
10	(2) A notation on the map of the precinct indicating that the
11	boundary is that of a municipality, state legislative district, or
12	municipal legislative district.
13	(b) If a proposed precinct establishment order described by section
14	9 of this chapter includes a legal description of a boundary that follows
15	a visible feature, the order must include a description in metes and
16	bounds or a shape file that identifies the visible feature that forms the
17	boundary.
18	SECTION 19. IC 3-11-2-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.58-2005,
19	SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
20	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 10. (a) The name or title of the political party or
21	independent ticket described in section 6 of this chapter shall be placed
22	at the top of the ballot. The device of the political party or independent
23	ticket shall be placed immediately under the name of the political party
24	or independent ticket. The instructions for voting a straight party ticket
25	shall be placed to the right of the device.
26	(b) The instructions for voting a straight party ticket must conform
27	as nearly as possible to the following: "To vote a straight (insert
28	political party name) ticket for all (political party name) candidates on
29	this ballot, make a voting mark on or in this circle and do not make any
30	other marks on this ballot, unless you want to vote for any candidates
31	of a political party other than the (political party name). If you
32	want to vote for candidates for offices other than candidates of the
33	(political party name) party, you must:
34	(1) make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of that
35	candidate's name; or
36	(2) write in the name of the candidate on the ballot where
37	write-in votes may be cast and make a voting mark on or in
38	the square to the left of the candidate's name you write in.
39	If more than one (1) candidate is to be elected to an office, you
40	must also make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the

names of the candidates of the (political party name) party for

whom you want to vote for that office in addition to the names of



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the candidates you want to vote for who are not (political party
name) candidates. DO NOT VOTE FOR MORE CANDIDATES
FOR AN OFFICE THAN ARE TO BE ELECTED; IF YOU DO
THE VOTES FOR THE (POLITICAL PARTY NAME
CANDIDATES FOR THAT OFFICE WILL NOT BE COUNTEI
AND IT IS POSSIBLE THAT ALL THE VOTES YOU CAST FOR
CANDIDATES FOR THE OFFICE WILL NOT BE COUNTED
If you wish to vote for a candidate seeking a nonpartisan office or or
a public question, you must make another voting mark on the
appropriate place on this ballot.".

- (c) If the ballot contains an independent ticket described in section 6 of this chapter and at least one (1) other independent candidate, the ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: "A vote cast for an independent ticket will only be counted for the candidates for President and Vice President or governor and lieutenant governor comprising that independent ticket. This vote will NOT be counted for any OTHER independent candidate appearing on the ballot."
- (d) The ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: "A write-in vote will NOT be counted unless the vote is for a DECLARED write-in candidate. To vote for a write-in candidate, you must make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the name you have written in or your vote will not be counted.".
- (e) The list of candidates of the political party shall be placed immediately under the instructions for voting a straight party ticket. The names of the candidates shall be placed three-fourths (3/4) of an inch apart from center to center of the name. The name of each candidate must have, immediately on its left, a square three-eighths (3/8) of an inch on each side.
- (f) The election division or the circuit court clerk may authorize the printing of ballots containing a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of a ballot is used within a precinct.

SECTION 20. IC 3-11-3-22, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2006, SECTION 91, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 22. (a) Each county election board shall have printed in at least 14 point type on cards in English braille, and any other language that the board considers necessary the following:

- (1) Instructions for the guidance of voters in preparing their ballots.
- (2) Instructions explaining the procedure for write-in voting.
- (3) Write-in voting notice cards that must be posted in each precinct that utilizes a voting system that does not permit a voter

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1	to alter the voter's ballot after making a voting mark for a write-in
2	candidate so that the voter may vote for a candidate for that office
3	whose name appears on the ballot.
4	(b) The write-in notice cards described in subsection (a)(3) must
5	inform all voters that a voter:
6	(1) who wants to cast write-in votes may cast the voter's ballot on
7	the voting system required to be available to all voters in the
8	precinct under IC 3-11-15-13.3(e); and
9	(2) may choose to cast the voter's ballot on the voting system
10	described in subdivision (1) without being required to indicate to
11	any individual that the voter wishes to cast a ballot on the voting
12	system because the voter intends to cast a ballot for a write-in
13	candidate.
14	(c) The board shall furnish the number of cards it determines to be
15	adequate for each precinct to the inspector at the same time the board
16	delivers the ballots for the precinct and shall furnish a magnifier upon
17	request to a voter who requests a magnifier to read the cards.
18	SECTION 21. IC 3-11-3-29 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 29. (a) If a new
20	candidate is appointed or selected under IC 3-13-1 or IC 3-13-2 after
21	the printing of ballots and before the election, the election division or
22	the election board may print ballots containing the name of the new
23	candidate.
24	(b) If the election division or the election board determines that
25	printing ballots under subsection (a) would be uneconomical or
26	impractical, the chairman or committee that made the appointment or
27	selection shall provide to the division or the election board the number
28	of pasters the division or the board determines to be necessary for all
29	ballots to reflect the appointment or selection. Pasters may not be given
30	to or received by any person except the co-directors of the election
31	division (or the election board and the board's chairman.
32	(c) If a candidate entitled to be placed on the ballot changes the
33	candidate's legal name after the printing of ballots and before the
34	election, the candidate who has changed the candidate's legal name
35	shall provide to the election division or the election board the number
36	of pasters the division or the board determines to be necessary for all
37	ballots to reflect the change of name. If a candidate declines to do so
38	under this subsection, the division or the board is not required to
39	reprint ballots to reflect the change of legal name.
40	SECTION 22. IC 3-11-4-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.103-2005,

SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) A voter who wants to vote by absentee



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1	ballot must apply to the county election board for an official absentee
2	ballot. Except as provided in subsection (b), the voter must sign the
3	absentee ballot application.
4	(b) If a voter with disabilities is unable to complete and sign the
5	absentee ballot application and the voter has not designated an
6	individual to serve as attorney in fact for the voter, the county election
7	board may designate an individual to complete each part of the
8	application and sign the application on behalf of the voter. If an
9	individual applies files an application for an absentee ballot as the
10	properly authorized attorney in fact for a voter, the attorney in fact must
11	attach a copy of the power of attorney to the application.
12	(c) A person may provide an individual with an application for an
13	absentee ballot with the following information already printed or
14	otherwise set forth on the application when provided to the individual:
15	(1) The name of the individual.
16	(2) The voter registration address of the individual.
17	(3) The mailing address of the individual.
18	(4) The date of birth of the individual.
19	(5) The voter identification number of the individual.
20	(d) A person may not provide an individual with an application for
21	an absentee ballot with the following information already printed or
22	otherwise set forth on the application when provided to the individual:
23	(1) The address to which the absentee ballot would be mailed, if
24	different from the voter registration address of the individual.
25	(2) In a primary election, the major political party ballot requested
26	by the individual.
27	(3) In a primary or general election, the types of absentee ballots
28	requested by the individual.
29	(4) The reason why the individual is entitled to vote an absentee
30	ballot:
31	(A) by mail; or
32	(B) before an absentee voter board (other than an absentee
33	voter board located in the office of the circuit court clerk or a
34	satellite office);
35	in accordance with IC 3-11-4-18, section 18 of this chapter,
36	IC 3-11-10-24, or IC 3-11-10-25.
37	(e) If the county election board determines that an absentee ballot
38	application does not comply with subsection (d), the board shall deny
39	the application under section 17.5 of this chapter.
40	(f) A person who assists an individual in completing any
41	information described in subsection (d) on an absentee ballot

application shall state under the penalties for perjury the following



1	information on the application:
2	(1) The full name, residence and mailing address, and daytime
3	and evening telephone numbers (if any) of the person providing
4	the assistance.
5	(2) The date this assistance was provided.
6	(3) That the person providing the assistance has complied with
7	Indiana laws governing the submission of absentee ballot
8	applications.
9	(4) That the person has no knowledge or reason to believe that the
10	individual submitting the application:
11	(A) is ineligible to vote or to cast an absentee ballot; or
12	(B) did not properly complete and sign the application.
13	(g) This subsection does not apply to an employee of the United
14	States Postal Service or a bonded courier company acting in the
15	individual's capacity as an employee of the United States Postal Service
16	or a bonded courier company. A person who receives a completed
17	absentee ballot application from the individual who has applied for the
18	absentee ballot shall file the application with the appropriate county
19	election board not later than:
20	(1) noon seven (7) days after the person receives the application;
21	or
22	(2) the deadline set by Indiana law for filing the application with
23	the board;
24	whichever occurs first.
25	(h) This subsection does not apply to an employee of the United
26	States Postal Service or a bonded courier company acting in the
27	individual's capacity as an employee of the United States Postal Service
28	or a bonded courier company. A person filing an absentee ballot
29	application, other than the person's own absentee ballot application,
30	must sign an affidavit at the time of filing the application. The affidavit
31	must be in a form prescribed by the commission. The form must
32	include the following:
33	(1) A statement of the full name, residence and mailing address,
34	and daytime and evening telephone numbers (if any) of the person
35	submitting the application.
36	(2) A statement that the person filing the affidavit has complied
37	with Indiana laws governing the submission of absentee ballot
38	applications.
39	(3) A statement that the person has no knowledge or reason to
40	believe that the individual whose application is to be filed:
41	(A) is ineligible to vote or to cast an absentee ballot; or
42	(B) did not properly complete and sign the application.



1	(4) A statement that the person is executing the affidavit under the
2	penalties of perjury.
3	(5) A statement setting forth the penalties for perjury.
4	(i) The county election board shall record the date and time of the
5	filing of the affidavit.
6	SECTION 23. IC 3-11-4-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.103-2005,
7	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. Except as provided in section 6 of this
9	chapter, an application for an absentee ballot must be received by the
0	circuit court clerk (or, in a county subject to IC 3-6-5.2, the director of
1	the board of elections and registration) not earlier than ninety (90) days
2	before election day nor later than the following:
.3	(1) Noon on election day if the voter registers to vote under
4	IC 3-7-36-14.
.5	(2) Noon on the day before election day if the voter completes the
6	application in the office of the circuit court clerk and votes an
7	absentee ballot under IC 3-11-10-26 or is an absent uniformed
.8	services voter or overseas voter who requests that the ballot be
9	transmitted by fax under section 6(h) of this chapter.
20	(3) Noon on the day before election day if:
21	(A) the application is a mailed, transmitted by fax, or hand
22	delivered application from a confined voter or voter caring for
23	a confined person; and
24	(B) the applicant requests that the absentee ballots be
25	delivered to the applicant by an absentee voter board under
26	IC 3-11-10-25.
27	(4) Midnight on the eighth day before election day if the
28	application:
29	(A) is a mailed application; or
0	(B) was transmitted by fax; or
31	(C) was hand delivered;
32	from other voters who request to vote by mail under
33	IC 3-11-10-24.
34	SECTION 24. IC 3-11-4-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
35	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) Applications
66	may be made:
37	(1) in person;
8	(2) by fax transmission; or
9	(3) by mail; or
10	(4) by electronic mail with a scanned image of the application
1	and signature of the applicant, if transmitted by an overseas
12	voter acting under section 6 of this chapter;



1	on application forms furnished by the county election board or	
2	approved by the commission.	
3	(b) Application forms shall:	
4	(1) be furnished to all central committees in the county no later	
5	than:	
6	(A) June 15, for a general election or a special election ordered	
7	under IC 3-12-8-17 or IC 3-12-11-18 following the primary	
8	election; or	
9	(B) January 15, for a primary election or a special election	
10	ordered under IC 3-12-8-17 or IC 3-12-11-18 following the	
11	general election;	
12	(2) (1) be:	
13	(A) mailed; or	
14	(B) transmitted by fax; or	
15	(C) transmitted by electronic mail with a scanned image of	
16	the application;	
17	upon request, to a voter applying by mail, by telephone, by	
18	electronic mail, or by fax; and	
19	(3) (2) be delivered to a voter in person who applies at the circuit	
20	court clerk's office.	
21	(c) The county election board shall:	
22	(1) accept; and	
23	(2) transmit;	
24	applications for absentee ballots under subsection (a) by fax or	_
25	electronic mail, if the county election board has access to a fax	
26	machine or electronic mail. A county election board shall accept an	_
27	application for an absentee ballot transmitted by fax even though the	
28	application is delivered to the county election board by a person other	
29	than the person submitting the application.	
30	SECTION 25. IC 3-11-4-5.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2006,	
31	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
32	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 5.1. (a) The commission shall prescribe the form	
33	of an application for an absentee ballot.	
34	(b) This subsection does not apply to the form for an absentee ballot	
35	application to be submitted by an absent uniformed services voter or	
36	overseas voter that contains a standardized oath for those voters. The	
37	form of the application for an absentee ballot must do all of the	
38	following:	
39	(1) Require the applicant to swear to or affirm under the penalties	
40	of perjury that all of the information set forth on the application	
41	is true to the best of the applicant's knowledge and belief.	
42	(2) Require a person who assisted with the completion of the	



1	application to swear to or affirm under the penalties of perjury the
2	statements set forth in section 2(f) of this chapter.
3	(3) Set forth the penalties for perjury.
4	(c) The form prescribed by the commission shall require that a voter
5	who:
6	(1) requests an absentee ballot; and
7	(2) is eligible to vote in the precinct under IC 3-10-11 or
8	IC 3-10-12;
9	must include the affidavit required by IC 3-10-11 or a written
10	affirmation described in IC 3-10-12.
11	(d) This subsection applies after December 31, 2007. The form
12	prescribed by the commission must include a statement that
13	permits an applicant to indicate whether:
14	(1) the applicant has been certified and is currently a
15	participant in the address confidentiality program under
16	IC 5-26.5-2; and
17	(2) the applicant's legal residence is at the address set forth in
18	the applicant's voter registration.
19	If the applicant confirms these statements, the applicant may
20	indicate the address of the office of the attorney general as the
21	address at which the applicant resides and to which the absentee
22	ballot is to be mailed.
23	SECTION 26. IC 3-11-4-17.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2006,
24	SECTION 92, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 17.5. (a) Upon receiving an application for an
26	absentee ballot, the county election board (or the absentee voter board
27	in the office of the circuit court clerk) shall determine if:
28	(1) the applicant is a voter of the precinct in which the applicant
29	resides, according to the records of the county voter registration
30	office;
31	(2) the information set forth on the application appears to be true;
32	and
33	(3) the application has been completed and filed in accordance
34	with Indiana and federal law.
35	If the members of the absentee voter board are unable to agree about
36	any of the determinations described in subdivisions (1) through (3), the
37	issue shall be referred to the county election board for determination.
38	If the application is submitted by a voter wanting to cast an absentee
39	ballot under IC 3-11-10-26, the voter shall be permitted to cast an
40	absentee ballot, and the voter's absentee ballot shall be treated as a
41	provisional ballot.
42	(b) If:



1	(1) the applicant is not a voter of the precinct according to the
2	registration record; or
3	(2) the application as completed and filed:
4	(A) contains a false statement; or
5	(B) does not otherwise comply with Indiana or federal law;
6	as alleged under section 18.5 of this chapter, the county election board
7	shall deny the application.
8	(c) This subsection applies to an absentee ballot application
9	submitted by an absent uniformed services voter or an overseas voter.
10	In accordance with 42 U.S.C. 1973ff-1(d), If the application is denied,
11	the county election board shall provide the voter with the reasons for
12	the denial of the application. Unless the voter is present when the board
13	denies the application, the board shall send a written notice stating the
14	reasons for the denial to the voter. The notice must be sent:
15	(1) not later than forty-eight (48) hours after the application is
16	denied; and
17	(2) to the voter at the address at which the voter requested that the
18	absentee ballot be mailed.
19	The notice must include information telling the applicant how the
20	application can be corrected and can be approved, if possible.
21	(d) If the county election board determines that the applicant is a
22	voter of the precinct under subsection (a), the board shall then
23	determine whether:
24	(1) the applicant was required to file any additional
25	documentation under IC 3-7-33-4.5; and
26	(2) the applicant has filed this documentation according to the
27	records of the county voter registration office.
28	If the applicant has not filed the required documentation, the county
29	election board shall approve the application if the application otherwise
30	complies with this chapter. The board shall add a notation to the
31	application and to the record compiled under section 17 of this chapter
32	indicating that the applicant will be required to provide additional
33	documentation to the county voter registration office under
34	IC 3-7-33-4.5 before the absentee ballot may be counted.
35	(e) If the applicant:
36	(1) is a voter of the precinct according to the registration record;
37	(2) states on the application that the applicant resides at an
38	address that is within the same precinct but is not the same
39	address shown on the registration record; and
40	(3) provides a voter identification number on the application to
41	permit transfer of registration under IC 3-7-13-13;

the county election board shall direct the county voter registration



office to transfer the applicant's voter registration address to the address within the precinct shown on the application. The applicant's application for an absentee ballot shall be approved if the applicant is otherwise eligible to receive the ballot under this chapter.

SECTION 27. IC 3-11-4-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2006, SECTION 93, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 18. (a) If a voter satisfies any of the qualifications described in IC 3-11-10-24 that entitle a voter to cast an absentee ballot by mail, the county election board shall, at the request of the voter, mail the official ballot, postage fully prepaid, to the voter at the address stated in the application.

- (b) If the county election board mails an absentee ballot to a voter required to file additional documentation with the county voter registration office before voting by absentee ballot under this chapter, the board shall include a notice to the voter in the envelope mailed to the voter under section 20 of this chapter. The notice must inform the voter that the voter must file the additional documentation required under IC 3-7-33-4.5 with the county voter registration office not later than noon on election day for the absentee ballot to be counted as an absentee ballot, and that, if the documentation required under IC 3-7-33-4.5 is filed after noon and before 6 p.m. on election day, the ballot will be processed as a provisional ballot. The commission shall prescribe the form of this notice under IC 3-5-4-8.
- (c) Except as provided in section 18.5 of this chapter, the ballot shall be mailed:
 - (1) on the day of the receipt of the voter's application; or
 - (2) not more than five (5) days after the date of delivery of the ballots under section 15 of this chapter;

whichever is later. If the election board determines that the county voter registration office has received an application from the applicant for registration at an address within the precinct indicated on the application, and that this application is pending under IC 3-7-33, the ballot shall be mailed in accordance with the applicable deadline set forth in subdivision (1) or (2) after the registration application is approved.

- (d) In addition to the ballot mailed under subsection (c), the county election board shall mail a special absentee ballot for overseas voters.
- (e) Except as provided in section 18.5 of this chapter, the ballot described in subsection (d):
 - (1) must be mailed:
 - (A) on the day of the receipt of the voter's application; or
 - (B) not more than five (5) days after the latest date for delivery









1	of the ballots under section 13(b) of this chapter applicable to
2	that election;
3	whichever is later; and
4	(2) may not be mailed after the absentee ballots described by
5	section 13(a) of this chapter have been delivered to the circuit
6	court clerk or the clerk's authorized deputy.
7	(f) As required by 42 U.S.C. 15481, an election board shall establish
8	a voter education program (specific to a paper ballot or optical scan
9	ballot card provided as an absentee ballot under this chapter) to notify
10	a voter of the effect of casting multiple votes for a single office.
11	(g) As provided by 42 U.S.C. 15481, when an absentee ballot is
12	mailed under this section, the mailing must include:
13	(1) information concerning the effect of casting multiple votes for
14	an office; and
15	(2) instructions on how to correct the ballot before the ballot is
16	cast and counted, including the issuance of replacement ballots.
17	SECTION 28. IC 3-11-8-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. A voter shall
19	vote at the polls for the precinct where the voter resides except when
20	authorized to vote in another precinct under IC 3-10-10, IC 3-10-11, or
21	IC 3-10-12. or at a special voting poll under section 6.5 of this chapter.
22	SECTION 29. IC 3-11-8-3.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3.1. (a) A county
24	executive shall designate the polls for each precinct not less than
25	twenty-nine (29) days before election day.
26	(b) The designation of a polling place under this section remains in
27	effect until:
28	(1) the location of the polling place is altered by an order of the
29	county executive or county election board under this chapter; or
30	(2) a precinct establishment order issued under IC 3-11-1.5:
31	(A) designates a new polling place location; or
32	(B) combines the existing precinct with another precinct
33	established by the order.
34	(c) The county executive shall then file the report required by
35	section 6.5 of this chapter concerning polls that are inaccessible to
36	voters with disabilities.
37	SECTION 30. IC 3-11-8-3.2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
38	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3.2. (a) A county
39	executive shall give ten (10) days notice of the place of voting in each
40	precinct by publication in the manner prescribed by IC 5-3-1-4. The
41	notice must include the following information:

(1) For each precinct, state whether the polls are located in an



1	accessible facility.
2	(2) If special polling places are designated under section 6.5 of
3	this chapter:
4	(A) the location of each special polling place; and
5	(B) the procedures for elderly voters and voters with
6	disabilities to apply to vote at a special polling place.
7	(b) If it is necessary to change a place for voting after giving notice,
8	notice of the change shall be given in the same manner. However,
9	except as provided in subsection (c), a change may not be made within
0	two (2) days before an election.
.1	(c) If the county election board determines by a unanimous vote of
2	the board's entire membership that the use of a polling place at an
.3	election would be dangerous or impossible, the county election board
4	may order the relocation of the polling place during the final two (2)
.5	days before an election. The county election board shall give the best
6	possible notice of this change to news media and the voters of the
7	precinct. If an order is adopted under this subsection, the order expires
. 8	after the election.
9	SECTION 31. IC 3-11-8-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
0.0	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. Except as
1	provided in section 6.5 of this chapter, The county executive shall
.2	locate the polls for each precinct in an accessible facility.
.3	SECTION 32. IC 3-11-8-25.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2006,
4	SECTION 100, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
25	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 25.1. (a) Except as provided in
.6	subsection (e), a voter who desires to vote an official ballot at an
27	election shall provide proof of identification.
28	(b) Except as provided in subsection (e), before the voter proceeds
.9	to vote in the election, a member of the precinct election board officer
0	shall ask the voter to provide proof of identification. The voter shall
1	produce the proof of identification before being permitted to sign the
2	poll list.
3	(c) If:
4	(1) the voter is unable or declines to present the proof of
55	identification; or
66	(2) a member of the precinct election board determines that the
57	proof of identification provided by the voter does not qualify as
8	proof of identification under IC 3-5-2-40.5;
9	a member of the precinct election board shall challenge the voter as
10	prescribed by this chapter.
-1	(d) If the voter executes a challenged voter's affidavit under section



22.1 of this chapter, the voter may:

1	(1) sign the poll list; and
2	(2) receive a provisional ballot.
3	(e) A voter described by either of the following is not required
4	to provide proof of identification before voting in an election:
5	(1) A voter who votes in person at a precinct polling place that is
6	located at a state licensed care facility where the voter resides. is
7	not required to provide proof of identification before voting in an
8	election.
9	(2) A voter who executes an affidavit, in the form prescribed
0	by the commission, affirming under the penalties of perjury
.1	that the voter satisfies either of the following:
2	(A) The voter is:
.3	(i) indigent; and
4	(ii) unable to obtain proof of identification without the
.5	payment of a fee.
6	(B) The voter has a religious objection to being
.7	photographed.
. 8	(f) After a voter has passed the challengers or has been sworn in, the
9	voter shall be instructed by a member of the precinct election board to
20	proceed to the location where the poll clerks are stationed. The voter
21	shall announce the voter's name to the poll clerks or assistant poll
22	clerks. A poll clerk, an assistant poll clerk, or a member of the precinct
23	election board shall require the voter to write the following on the poll
24	list:
2.5	(1) The voter's name.
26	(2) Except as provided in subsection (k), the voter's current
27	residence address.
28	(g) The poll clerk, an assistant poll clerk, or a member of the
29	precinct election board shall:
0	(1) ask the voter to provide or update the voter's voter
51	identification number;
32	(2) tell the voter the number the voter may use as a voter
33	identification number; and
4	(3) explain to the voter that the voter is not required to provide or
55	update a voter identification number at the polls.
66	(h) The poll clerk, an assistant poll clerk, or a member of the
37	precinct election board shall ask the voter to provide proof of
8	identification.
9	(i) In case of doubt concerning a voter's identity, the precinct
10	election board shall compare the voter's signature with the signature on
1	the affidavit of registration or any certified copy of the signature
12	provided under IC 3-7-29. If the board determines that the voter's



v
signature is authentic, the voter may then vote. If either poll clerk doubts the voter's identity following comparison of the signatures, the
poll clerk shall challenge the voter in the manner prescribed by section
21 of this chapter.
(j) If, in a precinct governed by subsection (g):
(1) the poll clerk does not execute a challenger's affidavit; or
(2) the voter executes a challenged voter's affidavit under section
22.1 of this chapter or executed the affidavit before signing the
poll list;

the voter may then vote.

(k) Each line on a poll list sheet provided to take a voter's current address must include a box under the heading "Address Unchanged" so that a voter whose residence address shown on the poll list is the voter's current residence address may check the box instead of writing the voter's current residence address on the poll list.

SECTION 33. IC 3-11-10-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2005, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) Upon receipt of an absentee ballot, a county election board (or the absentee voter board in the office of the circuit court clerk) shall immediately examine the signature of the absentee voter to determine its genuineness.

- (b) This subsection does not apply to an absentee ballot cast by a voter permitted to transmit the voter's absentee ballots by fax or electronic mail under IC 3-11-4-6. The board shall compare the signature as it appears upon the envelope containing the absentee ballot with the signature of the voter as it appears upon the application for the absentee ballot. voter's affidavit of registration. The board may also compare the signature on the ballot envelope with any other admittedly genuine signature of the voter.
- (c) This subsection applies to an absentee ballot cast by a voter permitted to transmit the voter's absentee ballots by fax or electronic mail under IC 3-11-4-6. The board shall compare the signature as it appears on the affidavit transmitted with the voter's absentee ballot to the voter's signature as it appears on the application for the absentee ballot. voter's affidavit of registration. The board may also compare the signature on the affidavit with any other admittedly genuine signature of the voter.
- (d) If a member of the absentee voter board questions whether a signature on a ballot envelope or transmitted affidavit is genuine, the matter shall be referred to the county election board for consideration under section 5 of this chapter.

SECTION 34. IC 3-11-10-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS









FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 8. (a) If a county
election board (or the absentee voter board in the office of the circui
court clerk) unanimously finds that the signature on a ballot envelope
or transmitted affidavit is genuine, the board shall enclose immediately
the accepted and unopened ballot envelope together with the voter's
application for the absentee ballot in a large or carrier envelope. The
board may enclose in the same carrier envelope all absentee ballo
envelopes and voter applications to be transmitted to the same
precinct.

(b) The envelope shall be securely sealed and endorsed with the name and official title of the circuit court clerk and the following words: "This envelope contains an absentee ballot and must be opened only at the polls on election day while the polls are open.

SECTION 35. IC 3-11-10-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2006, SECTION 106, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) Each county election board shall have all absentee ballots delivered to the precinct election boards at their respective polls on election day.

- (b) The absentee ballots shall be delivered during the hours that the polls are open. and in sufficient time to enable The precinct election boards to board shall vote the ballots received during the time the polls are open. Any ballots received by the precinct election board after the polls are closed shall be returned to the county election board for counting under section 14 of this chapter.
- (c) Along with the absentee ballots delivered to the precinct election boards under subsection (a), each county election board shall provide a list certified by the circuit court clerk. This list must state the name of each voter subject to IC 3-7-33-4.5 who:
 - (1) filed the documentation required by IC 3-7-33-4.5 with the county voter registration office after the printing of the certified list under IC 3-7-29 or the poll list under IC 3-11-3; and
 - (2) as a result, is entitled to have the voter's absentee ballot counted if the ballot otherwise complies with this title.
- (d) If the county election board is notified not later than 3 p.m. on election day by the county voter registration office that a voter subject to IC 3-7-33-4.5 and not identified in the list certified under subsection (c) has filed documentation with the office that complies with IC 3-7-33-4.5, the county election board shall transmit a supplemental certified list to the appropriate precinct election board. If the board determines that the supplemental list may not be received before the closing of the polls, the board shall:
 - (1) attempt to contact the precinct election board to inform the











1		
1	board regarding the content of the supplemental list; and	
2	(2) file a copy of the supplemental list for that precinct as part of	
3	the permanent records of the board.	
4	(e) This subsection applies to a special write-in absentee ballot	
5	described in:	
6	(1) 42 U.S.C. 1973ff for federal offices; and	
7	(2) IC 3-11-4-12(a) for state offices.	
8	If the county election board receives both a special write-in absentee	
9	ballot and the regular absentee ballot described by IC 3-11-4-12 from	
10	the same voter, the county election board shall reject the special	
11	write-in ballot and deliver only the regular absentee ballot to the	
12	precinct election board.	
13	SECTION 36. IC 3-11-10-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2005,	
14	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
15	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 14. (a) Subject to IC 3-10-8-7.5 and section	
16	11 of this chapter, absentee ballots received by mail (or by fax or	
17	electronic mail under IC 3-11-4-6) after the county election board has	
18	started the final delivery of the ballots to the precincts on election day	
19	shall be delivered to the county election board for counting.	
20	(b) An absentee ballot delivered to the county election board	
21	under subsection (a) shall be counted by the county election board	
22	if the ballot is not otherwise successfully challenged under this title.	
23	(c) The election returns from the precinct shall be adjusted to	
24	reflect the votes on an absentee ballot required to be counted under	
25	subsection (b).	
26	(d) Except as provided in subsection (e), absentee ballots	
27	received by the county election board after the close of the polls on	
28	election day are considered as arriving too late and need may not be	
29	delivered to the polls. counted.	
30	(e) Absentee ballots received by the precinct election board as	
31	described in section 12(b) of this chapter after the close of the polls	
32	shall be returned to the county election board and be counted as	
33	provided in this section.	
34	SECTION 37. IC 3-11-10-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
35	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15. At any time	
36	between the opening and closing of the polls on election day, the	
37	inspector, in the presence of the precinct election board, shall do all of	
38	the following:	
39	(1) Open the outer or carrier envelope containing an absentee	
40	ballot envelope and application.	
11	(2) Announce the absentee voter's name	

(3) Compare the signature upon the application voter's affidavit



1	of registration with the signature upon the affidavit on the ballot	
2	envelope or transmitted affidavit attached to the ballot envelope.	
3	SECTION 38. IC 3-11-10-24, AS AMENDED BY P.L.103-2005,	
4	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
5	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 24. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a	
6	voter who satisfies any of the following is entitled to vote by mail:	
7	(1) The voter has a specific, reasonable expectation of being	
8	absent from the county on election day during the entire twelve	
9	(12) hours that the polls are open.	_
10	(2) The voter will be absent from the precinct of the voter's	4
11	residence on election day because of service as:	
12	(A) a precinct election officer under IC 3-6-6;	
13	(B) a watcher under IC 3-6-8, IC 3-6-9, or IC 3-6-10;	
14	(C) a challenger or pollbook holder under IC 3-6-7; or	
15	(D) a person employed by an election board to administer the	
16	election for which the absentee ballot is requested.	
17	(3) The voter will be confined on election day to the voter's	
18	residence, to a health care facility, or to a hospital because of an	
19	illness or injury during the entire twelve (12) hours that the polls	
20	are open.	
21	(4) The voter is a voter with disabilities.	
22	(5) The voter is an elderly voter.	
23	(6) The voter is prevented from voting due to the voter's care of	
24	an individual confined to a private residence because of illness or	
25	injury during the entire twelve (12) hours that the polls are open.	
26	(7) The voter is scheduled to work at the person's regular place of	
27	employment during the entire twelve (12) hours that the polls are	
28	open.	
29	(8) The voter is eligible to vote under IC 3-10-11 or IC 3-10-12.	
30	(9) The voter is prevented from voting due to observance of a	
31	religious discipline or religious holiday during the entire twelve	
32	(12) hours that the polls are open.	
33	(10) The voter is an address confidentiality program participant	
34	(as defined in IC 5-26.5-1-6).	
35	(11) The voter is subject to lawful detention but has not been	
36	convicted of a crime.	
37	(b) A voter with disabilities who:	
38	(1) is unable to make a voting mark on the ballot or sign the	
39 40	absentee ballot secrecy envelope; and	
40 41	(2) requests that the absentee ballot be delivered to an address	
41 42	within Indiana;	



1	chapter.
2	(c) If a voter receives an absentee ballot by mail, the voter shall
3	personally mark the ballot in secret and seal the marked ballot inside
4	the envelope provided by the county election board for that purpose.
5	The voter shall:
6	(1) deposit the sealed envelope in the United States mail for
7	delivery to the county election board; or
8	(2) authorize a member of the voter's household or the individual
9	designated as the voter's attorney in fact to:
10	(A) deposit the sealed envelope in the United States mail; or
11	(B) deliver the sealed envelope in person to the county
12	election board.
13	(d) If a member of the voter's household or the voter's attorney in
14	fact delivers the sealed envelope containing a voter's absentee ballot to
15	the county election board, the individual delivering the ballot shall
16	complete an affidavit in a form prescribed by the commission. The
17	affidavit must contain the following information:
18	(1) The name and residence address of the voter whose absentee
19	ballot is being delivered.
20	(2) A statement of the full name, residence and mailing address,
21	and daytime and evening telephone numbers (if any) of the
22	individual delivering the absentee ballot.
23	(3) A statement indicating whether the individual delivering the
24	absentee ballot is a member of the voter's household or is the
25	attorney in fact for the voter. If the individual is the attorney in
26	fact for the voter, the individual must attach a copy of the power
27	of attorney for the voter, unless a copy of this document has
28	already been filed with the county election board.
29	(4) The date and location at which the absentee ballot was
30	delivered by the voter to the individual delivering the ballot to the
31	county election board.
32	(5) A statement that the individual delivering the absentee ballot
33	has complied with Indiana laws governing absentee ballots.
34	(6) A statement that the individual delivering the absentee ballot
35	is executing the affidavit under the penalties of perjury.
36	(7) A statement setting forth the penalties for perjury.
37	(e) The county election board shall record the date and time that the
38	affidavit under subsection (d) was filed with the board.
39	(f) After a voter has mailed or delivered an absentee ballot to the
40	office of the circuit court clerk, the voter may not recast a ballot, except
41	as provided in:



(1) section 1.5 of this chapter; or

1	(2) section 33 of this chapter.	
2	SECTION 39. IC 3-11-10-25, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2006,	
3	SECTION 108, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
4	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 25. (a) A voter who votes by	
5	absentee ballot because of: the voter:	
6	(1) has an illness or injury; or	
7	(2) is caring for a confined person at a private residence; or	
8	(3) is subject to lawful detention but has not been convicted of	
9	a crime;	
10	and who is within the county on election day may vote before an	1
11	absentee voter board or by mail.	1
12	(b) If requested by a voter described in subsection (a) or by a voter	
13	with disabilities whose precinct is not accessible to voters with	
14	disabilities, an absentee voter board shall visit the voter's place of	
15	confinement, the residence of the voter with disabilities, or the private	
16	residence:	1
17	(1) during the regular office hours of the circuit court clerk;	,
18	(2) at a time agreed to by the board and the voter;	
19	(3) on any of the twelve (12) days immediately before election	
20	day; and	
21	(4) only once before an election, unless:	
22	(A) the confined voter is unavailable at the time of the board's	
23	first visit due to a medical emergency; or	
24	(B) the board, in its discretion, decides to make an additional	'
25	visit.	
26	(c) This subsection applies to a voter confined due to illness or	_
27	injury. An absentee voter board may not be denied access to the voter's	\
28	place of confinement if the board is present at the place of confinement	
29	at a time:	1
30	(1) agreed to by the board and the voter; and	
31	(2) during the regular office hours of the circuit court clerk. A	
32	person who knowingly violates this subsection commits	
33	obstruction or interference with an election officer in the	
34	discharge of the officer's duty, a violation of IC 3-14-3-4.	
35	(d) The county election board, by unanimous vote of the board's	
36	entire membership, may authorize an absentee voter board to visit a	
37	voter who is confined due to illness or injury and will be outside the	
38	county on election day in accordance with the procedures set forth in	
39	subsection (b).	
40	(e) As provided by 42 U.S.C. 15481, a voter casting an absentee	
41	ballot under this section must be:	

(1) permitted to verify in a private and independent manner the



1	votes selected by the voter before the ballot is cast and counted;
2	(2) provided with the opportunity to change the ballot or correct
3	any error in a private and independent manner before the ballot is
4	cast and counted, including the opportunity to receive a
5	replacement ballot if the voter is otherwise unable to change or
6	correct the ballot; and
7	(3) notified before the ballot is cast regarding the effect of casting
8	multiple votes for the office and provided an opportunity to
9	correct the ballot before the ballot is cast and counted.
10	(f) As provided by 42 U.S.C. 15481, when an absentee ballot is
11	provided under this section, the board must also provide the voter with:
12	(1) information concerning the effect of casting multiple votes for
13	an office; and
14	(2) instructions on how to correct the ballot before the ballot is
15	cast and counted, including the issuance of replacement ballots.
16	(g) This subsection applies to a voter who applies to vote an
17	absentee ballot by mail. The county election board shall include a copy
18	of the Absentee Voter's Bill of Rights with any absentee ballot mailed
19	to the voter.
20	SECTION 40. IC 3-11-13-31.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
21	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
22	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 31.6. Whenever a ballot card
23	voting system is used in a precinct and a ballot form prescribed by
24	this title refers to a voting mark, the county election board shall
25	approve voting instructions indicating that a specific type of
26	marking device is employed on the system to indicate a vote.
27	SECTION 41. IC 3-11-14-3.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.58-2005,
28	SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
29	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3.5. (a) Each county election board shall have
30	the names of all candidates for all elected offices, political party
31	offices, and public questions printed on ballot labels for use in an
32	electronic voting system as provided in this chapter.
33	(b) The county may:
34	(1) print all offices and public questions on a single ballot label;
35	and
36	(2) include a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper
37	version of a ballot label is used within a precinct.
38	(c) Each type of ballot label or paster must be of uniform size and
39	of the same quality and color of paper (except as permitted under
40	IC 3-10-1-17).
41	(d) The nominees of a political party or an independent candidate

or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6) nominated by



petitioners must be listed on the ballot label with the name and device
set forth on the certification or petition. The circle containing the
device may be of any size that permits a voter to readily identify the
device. IC 3-11-2-5 applies if the certification or petition does not
include a name or device, or if the same device is selected by two (2)
or more parties or petitioners.

- (e) The ballot labels must list the offices on the general election ballot in the order listed in IC 3-11-2-12, IC 3-11-2-12.2, IC 3-11-2-12.5, IC 3-11-2-12.7(b), IC 3-11-2-12.9(a), IC 3-11-2-13(a) through IC 3-11-2-13(c), IC 3-11-2-14(a), and IC 3-11-2-14(d). Each office and public question may have a separate screen, or the offices and public questions may be listed in a continuous column either vertically or horizontally. However, school board offices, public questions concerning the retention of a justice or judge, local nonpartisan judicial offices, and local public questions shall be placed at the beginning of separate columns or pages.
- (f) The name of each office must be printed in a uniform size in bold type. A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".
- (g) Below the name of the office and the statement required by subsection (f), the names of the candidates for each office must be grouped together in the following order:
 - (1) The major political party whose candidate received the highest number of votes in the county for secretary of state at the last election is listed first.
 - (2) The major political party whose candidate received the second highest number of votes in the county for secretary of state is listed second.
 - (3) All other political parties listed in the order that the parties' candidates for secretary of state finished in the last election are listed after the party listed in subdivision (2).
 - (4) If a political party did not have a candidate for secretary of state in the last election or a nominee is an independent candidate or independent ticket (described in IC 3-11-2-6), the party or candidate is listed after the parties described in subdivisions (1), (2), and (3).
 - (5) If more than one (1) political party or independent candidate or ticket described in subdivision (4) qualifies to be on the ballot, the parties, candidates, or tickets are listed in the order in which the party filed its petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.











1	(6) A space for write-in voting is placed after the candidates listed
2	in subdivisions (1) through (5), if required by law. A space for
3	write-in voting for an office is not required if there are no
4	declared write-in candidates for that office. However,
5	procedures must be implemented to permit write-in voting for
6	candidates for federal offices.
7	(7) The name of a write-in candidate may not be listed on the
8	ballot.
9	(h) The names of the candidates grouped in the order established by
10	subsection (g) must be printed in type with uniform capital letters and
11	have a uniform space between each name. The name of the candidate's
12	political party, or the word "Independent", if the:
13	(1) candidate; or
14	(2) ticket of candidates for:
15	(A) President and Vice President of the United States; or
16	(B) governor and lieutenant governor;
17	is independent, must be placed immediately below or beside the name
18	of the candidate and must be printed in uniform size and type.
19	(i) All the candidates of the same political party for election to
20	at-large seats on the fiscal or legislative body of a political subdivision
21	must be grouped together:
22	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
23	(2) in the party order established by subsection (g); and
24	(3) within the political party, in alphabetical order according to
25	surname.
26	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
27	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
28	first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of
29	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) of ANY party for this office.".
30	(j) Candidates for election to at-large seats on the governing body
31	of a school corporation must be grouped:
32	(1) under the name of the office that the candidates are seeking;
33	and
34	(2) in alphabetical order according to surname.
35	A statement reading substantially as follows must be placed
36	immediately below the name of the office and above the name of the
37	first candidate: "Vote for not more than (insert the number of
38	candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.".
39	(k) The cautionary statement described in IC 3-11-2-7 must be
40	placed at the top or beginning of the ballot label before the first office
41	is listed.

(1) The instructions described in IC 3-11-2-8, IC 3-11-2-10(c), and



1	IC 3-11-2-10(d) may be:	
2	(1) placed on the ballot label; or	
3	(2) posted in a location within the voting booth that permits the	
4	voter to easily read the instructions.	
5	(m) The ballot label must include a touch sensitive point or button	
6	for voting a straight political party or independent ticket (described in	
7	IC 3-11-2-6) by one (1) touch, and the touch sensitive point or button	
8	must be identified by:	
9	(1) the name of the political party or independent ticket; and	
10	(2) immediately below or beside the political party's or	
11	independent ticket's name, the device of that party or ticket	
12	(described in IC 3-11-2-5).	
13	The name and device of each party or ticket must be of uniform size	
14	and type, and arranged in the order established by subsection (g) for	
15	listing candidates under each office. The instructions described in	
16	IC 3-11-2-10(b) for voting a straight party ticket and the statement	
17	concerning presidential electors required under IC 3-10-4-3 may be	
18	placed on the ballot label or in a location within the voting booth that	
19	permits the voter to easily read the instructions.	
20	(n) A public question must be in the form described in	
21	IC 3-11-2-15(a) and IC 3-11-2-15(b), except that a touch sensitive	
22	point or button must be used instead of a square. Except as expressly	
23	authorized or required by statute, a county election board may not print	
24	a ballot label that contains language concerning the public question	
25	other than the language authorized by a statute.	
26	(o) The requirements in this section:	
27	(1) do not replace; and	7
28	(2) are in addition to;	
29	any other requirements in this title that apply to ballots for electronic	I
30	voting systems.	
31	(p) The procedure described in IC 3-11-2-16 must be used when a	
32	ballot label does not comply with the requirements imposed by this title	
33	or contains another error or omission that might result in confusion or	
34	mistakes by voters.	
35	SECTION 42. IC 3-11-14-22.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
36	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
37	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 22.5. Whenever an electronic	
38	voting system is used in a precinct and a ballot form prescribed by	
39	this title refers to a voting mark, the county election board shall	

approve voting instructions indicating that a specific type of

SECTION 43. IC 3-11-17-1.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA

marking device is employed on the system to indicate a vote.



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1	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1.5. As used in this chapter,
3	"election" means the period that begins on the earlier of:
4	(1) the day a voting system is prepared to receive absentee
5	ballots to be cast on election day; or
6	(2) the day a candidate is listed on a ballot to be cast on
7	election day;
8	and ends on the day a recount or contest following election day is
9	completed.
10	SECTION 44. IC 3-11-17-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.221-2005,
11	SECTION 96, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3. (a) If the secretary of state determines that a
13	vendor is subject to a civil penalty under section 2 of this chapter, the
14	secretary of state may assess a civil penalty. The civil penalty assessed
15	under this section may not exceed three hundred thousand dollars
16	(\$300,000), plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by
17	the secretary of state.
18	(b) In computing the maximum civil penalty that may be
19	assessed under subsection (a), if a violation occurs in more than
20	one (1) county, the violation is considered a separate violation in
21	each county in which the violation occurs.
22	SECTION 45. IC 3-11-17-6, AS ADDED BY P.L.221-2005,
23	SECTION 96, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
24	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) The voting system technical oversight
25	program account is established with the state general fund to provide
26	money for administering and enforcing IC 3-11-7, IC 3-11-7.5,
27	IC 3-11-15, IC 11 3-11-16, and this chapter.
28	(b) The election division shall administer the account. With the
29	approval of the budget agency, funds in the account are available to
30	augment and supplement the funds appropriated to the election division
31	for the purposes described in this section.
32	(c) The expenses of administering the account shall be paid from the
33	money in the account.
34	(d) The account consists of the following:
35	(1) All civil penalties collected under this chapter.
36	(2) Fees collected under IC 3-11-15-4.
37	(3) Contributions to the account made in accordance with a
38	settlement agreement executed with a voting system vendor.
39	(e) Money in the account at the end of a state fiscal year does not
40	revert to the state general fund.
41	(f) All money in the account is continuously appropriated for the
42	purposes specified in subsection (a).



1	SECTION 46. IC 3-11-17.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2007]:
4	Chapter 17.5. Audits to Determine Compliance With Federal
5	and State Election Record Retention Requirements
6	Sec. 1. Beginning January 1, 2008, the election division shall
7	conduct audits of the status of precinct election material retained
8	by a circuit court clerk under IC 3-10-1-31 and IC 3-10-1-31.1.
9	Sec. 2. The election division shall determine whether the
10	precinct election material has been preserved in compliance with
11	42 U.S.C. 1974 and this title.
12	Sec. 3. Not later than the first Monday of June each year, the
13	election division shall randomly select one percent (1%) of all
14	precincts in Indiana to be audited under this chapter.
15	Sec. 4. If the election division determines that precinct election
16	material is not being preserved in compliance with 42 U.S.C. 1974
17	and this title, the election division shall provide a written report
18	describing the noncompliance to the county election board of the
19	county that is responsible for the precinct election material.
20	SECTION 47. IC 3-11-18-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.164-2006,
21	SECTION 119, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
22	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) Except for a municipality
23	described in subsection (b), a plan must provide a vote center for use
24	by voters residing in each municipality within the county conducting
25	a municipal primary or a municipal election.
26	(b) A vote center may not be used In a municipal primary or
27	municipal election conducted within a municipality that is partially
28	located in a county that has not been designated a vote center pilot
29	county, a vote center may not be used by a voter who does not
30	reside within that part of the municipality that is located in the
31	county that has been designated a vote center pilot county.
32	SECTION 48. IC 3-11.5-4-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2005,
33	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. Subject to section 7 of this chapter,
35	absentee ballots received by mail (or by fax or electronic mail under
36	IC 3-11-4-6) after noon the close of the polls on election day are
37	considered as arriving too late and may not be counted.
38	SECTION 49. IC 3-11.5-4-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
39	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. At any time
40	after the couriers return the certificate under section 9 of this chapter,

absentee ballot counters appointed under section 22 of this chapter, in

the presence of the county election board, shall, except for a ballot



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1	rejected under section 13 of this chapter:	
2	(1) open the outer or carrier envelope containing an absentee	
3	ballot envelope and application;	
4	(2) announce the absentee voter's name; and	
5	(3) compare the signature upon the application with the signature	
6	upon the affidavit on the ballot envelope or transmitted affidavit	
7	with the signature on the voter's affidavit of registration.	
8	SECTION 50. IC 3-11.5-4-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 18. If a voter has not	
10	returned an absentee ballot, the voter may vote in person. However,	1
11	before the voter may vote, the voter must return the ballot to the	
12	precinct election board or the county election board. The absentee	
13	ballot shall be marked "canceled" and preserved with the rejected	
14	ballots.	
15	SECTION 51. IC 3-11.5-5-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2005,	
16	SECTION 14, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	4
17	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 14. (a) This section applies to the counting of	1
18	write-in absentee ballots for:	
19	(1) a federal office received under 42 U.S.C. 1973ff; and	
20	(2) a federal office, state office, or public question under	
21	IC 3-11-4-12(a).	
22	(b) If a voter writes an abbreviation, a misspelling, or other minor	
23	variation instead of the correct name of a candidate or political party,	
24	that vote shall be counted if the intent of the voter can be determined.	
25	(c) If a voter casts a ballot under this section for President or Vice	
26	President and writes in the name of a candidate or political party that	
27	has not:	1
28	(1) certified a list of electors under IC 3-10-4-5; or	'
29	(2) included a list of electors on the declaration of intent to be	
30	a write-in candidate filed by a write-in candidate under	
31	IC 3-8-2-2.5;	
32	the vote for President or Vice President is void. The remaining votes on	
33	the ballot may be counted.	
34	(d) As required by 42 U.S.C. 1973ff-2(b), and except as provided	
35	in this section, an absentee ballot subject to this section shall be	
36	submitted and processed in the same manner provided by this title	
37	for a regular absentee ballot.	
38	(d) (e) IC 3-12-1-7 applies to a ballot subject to this section.	
39	(e) (f) As required under 42 U.S.C. 1973ff-2(b), a ballot subject	
40	to this section may not be counted if:	
41	(1) the ballot was submitted:	

(A) by an overseas voter who is not an absent uniformed



1	services voter; and	
2	(B) from within the United States;	
3	(2) the overseas voter's application for a regular absentee ballot	
4	was received by the circuit court clerk or county election board	
5	of registration less than thirty (30) days before the election;	
6	(3) the voter's completed regular state absentee ballot was	
7	received by the circuit court clerk or county election board of	
8	registration by the deadline for receiving absentee ballots under	
9	IC 3-11.5-4-7; or	
10	(4) the ballot subject to this section was not received by the circuit	
11	court clerk or county election board of registration by the	
12	deadline for receiving absentee ballots under IC 3-11.5-4-7.	
13	SECTION 52. IC 3-11.7-5-2.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.103-2005,	
14	SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
15	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2.5. (a) A voter who:	
16	(1) was challenged under IC 3-10-1, IC 3-11-8, or IC 3-11-10-26	
17	as a result of the voter's inability or declination to provide proof	
18	of identification; and	
19	(2) cast a provisional ballot;	
20	may personally appear before the circuit court clerk or the county	
21	election board not later than the deadline specified by section 1 of this	
22	chapter for the county election board to determine whether to count a	
23	provisional ballot.	
24	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), or (e), if the voter:	
25	(1) provides proof of identification to the circuit court clerk or	
26	county election board; and	
27	(2) executes an affidavit before the clerk or board, in the form	
28	prescribed by the commission, affirming under the penalties of	Y
29	perjury that the voter is the same individual who:	
30	(A) personally appeared before the precinct election board;	
31	and	
32	(B) cast the provisional ballot on election day;	
33	the county election board shall find that the voter's provisional ballot	
34	is valid and direct that the provisional ballot be opened under section	
35	4 of this chapter and processed in accordance with this chapter.	
36	(c) If the voter executes an affidavit before the circuit court clerk or	
37	county election board, in the form prescribed by the commission,	
38	affirming under the penalties of perjury that:	
39	(1) the voter is the same individual who:	
40	(A) personally appeared before the precinct election board;	
41	and	
12	(B) cast the provisional ballot on election day: and	



1	(2) the voter:
2	(A) is:
3	(i) indigent; and
4	(ii) unable to obtain proof of identification without the
5	payment of a fee; or
6	(B) has a religious objection to being photographed;
7	the county election board shall determine whether the voter has been
8	challenged for any reason other than the voter's inability or declination
9	to present proof of identification to the precinct election board.
10	(d) If the county election board determines that the voter described
11	in subsection (c) has been challenged solely for the inability or
12	declination of the voter to provide proof of identification, the county
13	election board shall:
14	(1) find that the voter's provisional ballot is valid; and
15	(2) direct that the provisional ballot be:
16	(A) opened under section 4 of this chapter; and
17	(B) processed in accordance with this chapter.
18	(e) (c) If the county election board determines that a voter described
19	in subsection (b) or (c) has been challenged for a cause other than the
20	voter's inability or declination to provide proof of identification, the
21	board shall:
22	(1) note on the envelope containing the provisional ballot that the
23	voter has complied with the proof of identification requirement;
24	and
25	(2) proceed to determine the validity of the remaining challenges
26	set forth in the challenge affidavit before ruling on the validity of
27	the voter's provisional ballot.
28	(f) (d) If a voter described by subsection (a) fails by the deadline for
29	counting provisional ballots referenced in subsection (a) to:
30	(1) appear before the county election board; and
31	(2) execute an affidavit in the manner prescribed by subsection
32	(b); or (c);
33	the county election board shall find that the voter's provisional ballot
34	is invalid.
35	SECTION 53. IC 3-12-1-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
36	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) This section
37	applies to votes cast by any method.
38	(b) Except as provided in section 13 of this chapter, a ballot that has
39	been marked and cast by a voter in compliance with this title but may
40	otherwise not be counted solely as the result of the act or failure to act
41	of an election officer may nevertheless shall be counted in a
42	proceeding under IC 3-12-6, IC 3-12-8, or IC 3-12-11 unless evidence



of fraud, tampering, or misconduct affecting the integrity of the ballot	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 7.5. (a) This section applies to the counting of	
write-in absentee ballots for:	
(1) a federal office received under 42 U.S.C. 1973ff; and	
(2) a federal office, state office, or public question under	
IC 3-11-4-12.	
(b) If a voter writes an abbreviation, misspelling, or other minor	
variation instead of the correct name of a candidate or political party,	
that vote shall be counted if the intent of the voter can be determined.	
(c) If a voter casts a ballot under this section for President or Vice	
President of the United States and writes in the name of a candidate or	
political party that has not:	
(1) certified a list of electors under IC 3-10-4-5; or	
(2) included a list of electors on the declaration for candidacy	
filed by a write-in candidate under IC 3-8-2-2.5;	
the vote for President or Vice President is void. The remaining votes on	
the ballot may be counted.	
(d) As required by 42 U.S.C. 1973ff-2(b), and except as provided	
in this section, an absentee ballot subject to this section shall be	
submitted and processed in the same manner provided by this title	
for a regular absentee ballot.	•
(d) (e) IC 3-12-1-7 applies to a ballot subject to this section.	
(e) (f) As required under 42 U.S.C. 1973ff-2(b), a ballot subject	
to this section may not be counted if:	
(1) the ballot was submitted:	
(A) by an overseas voter who is not an absent uniformed	
services voter; and	
(B) from within the United States;	
(2) the overseas voter's application for a regular absentee	
ballot was received by the county election board less than	
thirty (30) days before the election;	
(2) (3) the voter's completed regular state absentee ballot was	
received by the county election board by the deadline for	
receiving absentee ballots under IC 3-11-10-11; or	
(3) (4) the ballot subject to this section was not received by the	
	is presented. by a party to the proceeding. (c) The act or failure to act by an election officer is not by itself evidence of fraud, tampering, or misconduct affecting the integrity of the ballot. SECTION 54. IC 3-12-2-7.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2005, SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 7.5. (a) This section applies to the counting of write-in absentee ballots for: (1) a federal office received under 42 U.S.C. 1973ff; and (2) a federal office, state office, or public question under IC 3-11-4-12. (b) If a voter writes an abbreviation, misspelling, or other minor variation instead of the correct name of a candidate or political party, that vote shall be counted if the intent of the voter can be determined. (c) If a voter casts a ballot under this section for President or Vice President of the United States and writes in the name of a candidate or political party that has not: (1) certified a list of electors under IC 3-10-4-5; or (2) included a list of electors on the declaration for candidacy filed by a write-in candidate under IC 3-8-2-2.5; the vote for President or Vice President is void. The remaining votes on the ballot may be counted. (d) As required by 42 U.S.C. 1973ff-2(b), and except as provided in this section, an absentee ballot. (d) (e) IC 3-12-1-7 applies to a ballot subject to this section shall be submitted and processed in the same manner provided by this title for a regular absentee ballot. (d) As required under 42 U.S.C. 1973ff-2(b), a ballot subject to this section may not be counted if: (1) the ballot was submitted: (A) by an overseas voter who is not an absent uniformed services voter; and (B) from within the United States; (2) the overseas voter's application for a regular absentee ballot was received by the county election board less than thirty (30) days before the election; (2) (3) the voter's completed regular state absentee ballot was received by the county election board by the deadline for receiving absentee ballots under IC 3-11-10-1

county election board by the deadline for receiving absentee



ballots under IC 3-11-10-11.

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SECTION 55. IC 3-12-4-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2005, SECTION 105, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 18. If electronic voting systems are used in a precinct, the county election board may request authorization from the state recount commission to inspect the registering counter or other recording device on any electronic voting system showing the number of votes cast for any candidate or public question. If authorized by the state recount commission, The board may conduct an inspection either before it proceeds to count and tabulate the vote or within one (1) day after the count and tabulation are finished.

SECTION 56. IC 3-12-6-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. (a) Each petitioner shall furnish a cash deposit or file a bond with corporate surety to the approval of the court for the payment of all costs of the recount. The minimum amount of the cash deposit or bond is one hundred dollars (\$100). The maximum amount of the cash deposit or bond may not exceed the amount specified under subsection (b) or (c).

- (b) This subsection applies if, on the face of the election returns, the difference between the number of votes cast for the candidate nominated or elected and the petitioner is not more than one percent (1%) of the total votes cast for all candidates for the nomination or office. If the number of precincts to be recounted exceeds ten (10), the amount of the deposit or bond shall be increased by ten dollars (\$10) for each precinct in excess of ten (10).
- (c) This subsection applies if, on the face of the election returns, the difference between the number of votes cast for the candidate nominated or elected and the petitioner is more than one percent (1%) of the total votes cast for all candidates for the nomination or office. If the number of precincts to be recounted exceeds ten (10), the amount of the deposit or bond shall be increased by one hundred dollars (\$100) for each precinct in excess of ten (10).
 - (d) If a petition is joint, a joint bond may be furnished.
 - (e) The costs of a recount may include the following:
 - (1) Compensation of recount commissioners.
 - (2) Compensation of additional employees required to conduct the recount, including overtime payments to regular employees who are eligible to receive such payments.
 - (3) Postage and telephone charges directly related to the recount.
- (f) The costs of a recount may not include the following:







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1	(1) General administrative costs.
2	(2) Security.
3	(3) Allowances for meals or lodging.
4	(g) If the recount results in a reduction of at least fifty percent (50%)
5	but less than one hundred percent (100%) of the margin of the total
6	certified votes, the petitioner shall receive a refund of that percentage
7	of the unexpended balance. If after a recount, it is determined that a
8	petitioner has been nominated or elected, the deposit or the bond
9	furnished by that petitioner shall be returned to that petitioner in full.
10	(h) Any unexpended balance remaining in a deposit after payment
11	of all costs of the recount and the refund, if a refund is made, shall be
12	deposited in the county general fund.
13	SECTION 57. IC 3-13-1-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. Except as
15	provided in section 18 or 20 of this chapter or IC 3-10-8-7.5, this
16	chapter applies to the filling of a candidate vacancy that arises for any
17	reason if the vacancy leaves a major political party without a candidate
18	for the office and occurs before the thirtieth day before a general,
19	special, or municipal election.
20	SECTION 58. IC 3-13-1-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
21	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. Except as
22	provided in IC 3-10-8-7.5, a candidate vacancy for United States
23	Representative shall be filled by a caucus comprised by the precinct
24	committeemen of the political party whose precincts are within the
25	congressional district.
26	SECTION 59. IC 3-13-1-10.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
27	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 10.5. (a) A person who
28	wishes to be a candidate for appointment to fill a candidate vacancy
29	under this chapter must file a declaration of candidacy on a form
30	prescribed by the commission with:
31	(1) the chairman of the caucus or committee conducting a
32	meeting under this chapter; and
33	(2) the official who is required to receive a certificate of candidate
34	selection following the caucus under section 15 of this chapter;
35	at least seventy-two (72) hours before the time fixed for the caucus or
36	committee meeting.
37	(b) A candidate's declaration of candidacy must include a statement
38	that the candidate requests the name on the candidate's voter
39	registration record be the same as the name the candidate uses on the
40	declaration of candidacy. If there is a difference between the name on

the candidate's declaration of candidacy and the name on the

candidate's voter registration record, the officer with whom the



1	declaration of candidacy is filed shall forward the information to the
2	voter registration officer of the appropriate county as required by
3	IC 3-5-7-6(e). The voter registration officer of the appropriate county
4	shall change the name on the candidate's voter registration record to be
5	the same as the name on the candidate's declaration of candidacy.
6	SECTION 60. IC 3-13-1-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 11. (a) At a meeting
8	called under section 7 of this chapter, the eligible participants shall:
9	(1) establish the caucus rules of procedure for the caucus or
10	meeting, except as otherwise provided in this chapter; and
11	(2) select, by a majority vote of those casting a vote for a
12	candidate, a person to fill the candidate vacancy described in the
13	call for the meeting.
14	(b) If more than one (1) person seeks to fill the vacancy, the
15	selection shall be conducted by secret ballot.
16	SECTION 61. IC 3-13-1-21 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
17	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 21. (a) This section applies to a certificate
19	of candidate selection filed under section 15 or 20 of this chapter.
20	(b) To enforce the requirements of IC 3-5-4-1.9, the election
21	division, a circuit court clerk, or any other official responsible for
22	receiving a certificate of candidate selection may not receive a
23	filing of a certificate of candidate selection if:
24	(1) a notice of a caucus or meeting;
25	(2) a declaration of candidacy filed by the individual selected
26	as the candidate; or
27	(3) the certificate of candidate selection;
28	is or was offered to be filed after the deadline for the filing
29	provided by this chapter.
30	SECTION 62. IC 3-13-5-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
31	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3. (a) The state
32	chairman (or a person designated by the state chairman) shall
33	preside over a caucus meeting held under this chapter.
34	(b) A person who desires to be a candidate to fill a vacancy under
35	this chapter must file:
36	(1) a declaration of candidacy with the chairman of the caucus;
37	and
38	(2) a statement of economic interests under IC 2-2.1-3-2 with the
39	secretary of the senate or principal clerk of the house of
40	representatives;
41	at least seventy-two (72) hours before the time fixed for the caucus.

(c) In addition to the procedures prescribed by this chapter, the



1	chairman and precinct committeemen may adopt rules of procedure	
2	that are necessary to conduct business.	
3	SECTION 63. IC 3-14-2-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.103-2005,	
4	SECTION 21, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
5	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1. A person who knowingly does any of the	
6	following commits a Class D felony:	
7	(1) Conspires with an individual for the purpose of encouraging	
8	the individual to submit a false application for registration.	
9	(2) Conspires with an individual for the purpose of encouraging	
10	the individual to vote illegally.	
11	(3) Pays or offers to pay an individual for doing any of the	
12	following:	
13	(A) Applying for an absentee ballot.	
14	(B) Casting an absentee ballot.	
15	(C) Registering to vote.	_
16	(D) Requesting that another individual sign a petition to	
17	permit a candidate or a public question to be placed on the	
18	ballot at an election if the payment is based on the number	
19	of signatures obtained on petitions by the individual.	
20	(D) (E) Voting.	
21	(4) Accepts the payment of any property for doing any of the	
22	following:	
23	(A) Applying for an absentee ballot.	
24	(B) Casting an absentee ballot.	_
25	(C) Registering to vote.	
26	(D) Requesting that another individual sign a petition to	
27	permit a candidate or a public question to be placed on the	
28	ballot at an election if the payment is based on the number	Y
29	of signatures obtained on petitions by the individual.	
30	(D) (E) Voting.	
31	SECTION 64. IC 5-4-1-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 18. (a) Except as	
33	provided in subsection (b) or (c), the following city, town, county, or	
34	township officers and employees shall file an individual surety bond:	
35	(1) City judges, controllers, clerks, and clerk-treasurers.	
36	(2) Town judges and clerk-treasurers.	
37	(3) Auditors, treasurers, recorders, surveyors, sheriffs, coroners,	
38	assessors, and clerks.	
39	(4) Township trustees and assessors.	
40	(5) Those employees directed to file an individual bond by the	
41	fiscal body of a city, town, or county.	
42	(b) The fiscal body of a city, town, county, or township may by	



ordinance authorize the purchase of a blanket bond or a crime insurance policy endorsed to include faithful performance to cover the faithful performance of all employees, commission members, and persons acting on behalf of the local government unit including those officers described in subsection (a).

- (c) A county may purchase a blanket bond to cover the elected officers of one (1) or more local government units in the county, including those officers described in subsection (a). The local units for whom the county purchases a blanket bond shall make the necessary appropriation to reimburse the county. The cost of a blanket bond purchased under this subsection is apportioned to each unit in the same ratio as the number of elected officers of the unit covered by the bond bears to the total number of elected officers covered by the bond.
- (c) (d) The fiscal bodies of the respective units shall fix the amount of the bond of city controllers, city clerk-treasurers, town clerk-treasurers, Barrett Law fund custodians, county treasurers, county sheriffs, circuit court clerks, township trustees, and conservancy district financial clerks as follows:
 - (1) The amount must equal fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) for each one million dollars (\$1,000,000) of receipts of the officer's office during the last complete fiscal year before the purchase of the bond, subject to subdivision (2).
 - (2) The amount may not be less than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) nor more than three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000).

County auditors shall file bonds in amounts of not less than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000), as fixed by the fiscal body of the county. The amount of the bond of any other person required to file an individual bond shall be fixed by the fiscal body of the unit at not less than eight thousand five hundred dollars (\$8,500).

- (d) (e) A controller of a solid waste management district established under IC 13-21 or IC 13-9.5 (before its repeal) shall file an individual surety bond in an amount:
 - (1) fixed by the board of directors of the solid waste management district; and
 - (2) that is at least fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000).
- (e) (f) Except as provided under subsection (d), (e), a person who is required to file an individual surety bond by the board of directors of a solid waste management district established under IC 13-21 or IC 13-9.5 (before its repeal) shall file a bond in an amount fixed by the board of directors.

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1	(f) (g) In 1982 and every four (4) years after that, the state examiner
2	shall review the bond amounts fixed under this section and report in an
3	electronic format under IC 5-14-6 to the general assembly whether
4	changes are necessary to ensure adequate and economical coverage.
5	(g) (h) The commissioner of insurance shall prescribe the form of
6	the bonds or crime policies required by this section, in consultation
7	with the commission on public records under IC 5-15-5.1-6.
8	SECTION 65. IC 5-10.1-2-9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
9	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
10	JANUARY 1, 2007 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 9. (a) The agreement
11	shall be modified to exclude services performed by an election
12	official or an election worker for calendar year 2007 in which the
13	remuneration paid for such services is less than one thousand three
14	hundred dollars (\$1,300), and for each calendar year after 2007 in
15	which the remuneration paid is less than the adjusted amount, as
16	described in subsection (b), beginning with services performed in
17	the year that this modification was mailed or delivered by other
18	means to the Commissioner of Social Security.
19	(b) The one thousand three hundred dollar (\$1,300) limit on the
20	excludable amount of remuneration paid in a calendar year for the
21	services specified in this modification is subject to adjustment for
22	calendar years after 2007 to reflect changes in wages in the
23	economy without any further modification of the agreement, with
24	respect to such services performed during such calendar years, in
25	accordance with Section 218(c)(8)(B) of the Social Security Act.
26	(c) This exclusion applies to all coverage groups of the state and
27	its political subdivisions currently (as of the date this modification
28	is executed), including under this agreement and to which the
29	agreement is hereafter made applicable.
30	SECTION 66. IC 20-23-8-10, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005,
31	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 10. (a) A change in a plan may be initiated by one
33	(1) of the following procedures:
34	(1) By filing a petition signed by at least twenty ten percent
35	(20%) (10%) of the active voters (as defined in IC 3-5-2-1.7) of
36	the school corporation with the clerk of the circuit court.
37	(2) By a resolution adopted by the governing body of the school
38	corporation.

(3) By ordinance adopted by a city legislative body under section

(b) A petition, resolution, or ordinance must set forth a description

of the plan that conforms with section 7 of this chapter.

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13 of this chapter.



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1	(c) Except as provided in subsection (a)(1), in a city having a
2	population of more than fifty-nine thousand seven hundred (59,700)
3	but less than sixty-five thousand (65,000), a change in a plan may be
4	initiated by filing a petition signed by ten percent (10%) or more of the
5	voters of the school corporation with the clerk of the circuit court.
6	SECTION 67. IC 20-23-8-14, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005,
7	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
8	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 14. (a) Not more than ten (10) days after a
9	governing body has:
10	(1) initiated;
11	(2) approved; or
12	(3) disapproved;
13	a plan initiated by the petition filed with it, the governing body shall
14	publish a notice one (1) time in a newspaper of general circulation in
15	the county of the school corporation. If a newspaper of general
16	circulation is not published in the county of the school corporation, the
17	governing body shall publish a notice one (1) time in a newspaper of
18	general circulation published in a county adjoining the county of the
19	school corporation.
20	(b) The notice must set out the text of a plan initiated by the
21	governing body or another plan filed with the governing body before
22	the preparation of the notice. The notice must also state the right of a
23	voter, as provided in this section, to file a petition for alternative plans
24	or a petition protesting the adoption of a plan or plans to which the
25	notice relates.
26	(c) If the governing body fails to publish a notice required by this
27	section, the governing body shall, not more than five (5) days after the
28	expiration of the ten (10) day period for publication of notice under this
29	section, submit the petition that has been filed with the clerk to the
30	state board, whether or not the plan contained in the petition or the
31	petition meets the requirements of this chapter.
32	(d) Not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the
33	publication of the notice, voters of the school corporation may file with
34	the clerk a petition protesting a plan initiated or approved by the
35	governing body or a petition submitting an alternative plan as follows:
36	(1) A petition protesting a plan shall must be signed by at least
37	twenty ten percent (20%) (10%) of the active voters (as defined
38	in IC 3-5-2-1.7) of the school corporation or five hundred (500)
39	voters of the school corporation, whichever is less.
40	(2) A petition submitting an alternative plan shall must be signed

by at least twenty ten percent (20%) (10%) of the active voters

(as defined in IC 3-5-2-1.7) of the school corporation.



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1	A petition filed under this subsection shall be certified by the clerk and
2	shall be filed with the governing body in the same manner as is
3	provided for a petition in section 11 of this chapter.
4	(e) The governing body or the voters may not initiate or file
5	additional plans until the plans that were published in the notice or
6	submitted as alternative plans not later than one hundred twenty (120)
7	days after the publication of the notice have been disposed of by:
8	(1) adoption;
9	(2) defeat at a special election held under section 16 of this
10	chapter; or
11	(3) combination with another plan by the state board under
12	section 15 of this chapter.
13	SECTION 68. IC 20-23-14.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
14	CODE AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS
15	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]:
16	Chapter 14.5. Election of Governing Body Members in
17	Mishawaka
18	Sec. 1. In a school city established under IC 20-23-4 located in
19	a city having a population of more than forty-six thousand five
20	hundred (46,500) but less than fifty thousand (50,000), if a majority
21	of the voters voting in the municipal election held on November 6,
22	2007, vote in favor of an elected school board, the governing body
23	consists of a board of trustees of seven (7) members elected in the
24	manner provided in this chapter.
25	Sec. 2. (a) For purposes of this section, a reference to a common
26	council district of the city is a reference to the district as it existed
27	on January 1, 2007.
28	(b) The city is divided into the following three (3) districts:
29	(1) District One consists of the first district of the common
30	council and the second district of the common council.
31	(2) District Two consists of the third district of the common
32	council and the fourth district of the common council.
33	(3) District Three consists of the fifth district of the common
34	council and the sixth district of the common council.
35	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "district" refers to a district of
36	the governing body established by section 2(b) of this chapter.
37	Sec. 4. Beginning with the general election held in November
38	2008, and every four (4) years thereafter, three (3) members of the
39	governing body shall be elected by voters of the districts as
40	provided in this chapter. The candidate who receives the greatest
41	number of votes among all candidates for a district seat is elected.

Sec. 5. (a) Beginning with the general election held in November



1	2008, and every four (4) years thereafter, one (1) member of the
2	governing body shall be elected by all the voters of the school city
3	as provided in this chapter. The candidate who receives the
4	greatest number of votes among all candidates for an at-large seat
5	is elected.
6	(b) Beginning with the general election held in November 2010,
7	and every four (4) years thereafter, three (3) members of the
8	governing body shall be elected by all the voters of the school city
9	as provided in this chapter. The three (3) candidates who receive
10	the greatest number of votes among all candidates for an at-large
11	seat are elected.
12	Sec. 6. Except as provided in this chapter, IC 3 applies to an
13	election held under this chapter.
14	Sec. 7. The circuit court clerk shall prepare a separate ballot to
15	be used for governing body elections. Candidates shall appear on
16	the ballot in alphabetical order.
17	Sec. 8. (a) The term of a member of the governing body is four
8	(4) years, beginning on January 1 following the member's election.
9	(b) A member may be reelected.
20	SECTION 69. IC 24-5-14-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
21	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3. (a) As used in this
22	chapter, "commercial telephone solicitation" means any unsolicited call
23	to a subscriber when:
24	(1) the person initiating the call has not had a prior business or
25	personal relationship with the subscriber; and
26	(2) the purpose of the call is to solicit the purchase or the
27	consideration of the purchase of goods or services by the
28	subscriber.
29	(b) The term does not include calls initiated by the following:
30	(1) The state or a political subdivision (as defined by
31	IC 36-1-2-13) for exclusively public purposes.
32	(2) The United States or any of its subdivisions for exclusively
33	public purposes (involving real property in Indiana).
34	(3) A public opinion polling organization.
35	SECTION 70. IC 24-5-14-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
36	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 5. (a) This section does
37	not apply to messages:
38	(1) from school districts to students, parents, or employees;
39	(2) to subscribers with whom the caller has a current business or
10	personal relationship; or
4 1	(3) advising employees of work schedules; or
12	(4) surveying public opinion by a public opinion polling



1	organization.
2	(b) A caller may not use or connect to a telephone line an automatic
3	dialing-announcing device unless:
4	(1) the subscriber has knowingly or voluntarily requested,
5	consented to, permitted, or authorized receipt of the message; or
6	(2) the message is immediately preceded by a live operator who
7	obtains the subscriber's consent before the message is delivered.
8	SECTION 71. IC 36-2-9-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 9. (a) The auditor may
10	administer the following:
11	(1) Oaths necessary in the performance of the auditor's duties.
12	(2) The oath of office to an officer who receives the officer's
13	certificate of appointment or election from the auditor.
14	(3) Oaths relating to the duty of an officer who receives the
15	officer's certificate of appointment or election from the auditor.
16	(4) The oath of office to a member of the board of directors of a
17	solid waste management district established under IC 13-21 or
18	IC 13-9.5 (before its repeal).
19	(b) The auditor may take acknowledgments of deeds and mortgages
20	executed for the security of trust funds the auditor is required to lend.
21	SECTION 72. IC 36-5-1-10.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 10.1. (a) Except as
23	provided in subsection (g), if the county executive makes the findings
24	required by section 8 of this chapter, it may adopt an ordinance
25	incorporating the town. The ordinance must:
26	(1) provide that:
27	(A) all members of the town legislative body are to be elected
28	at large (if the town would have a population of less than three
29	thousand five hundred (3,500)); or
30	(B) divide the town into not less than three (3) nor more than
31	seven (7) districts; and
32	(2) direct the county election board to conduct an election in the
33	town on the date of the next general or municipal election to be
34	held in any precincts in the county.
35	An election conducted under this section must comply with IC 3
36	concerning town elections. If on the date that an ordinance was adopted
37	under this section, absentee ballots for a general or municipal election
38	have been delivered under IC 3-11-4-15 for voters within a precinct in
39	the town, is not later than June 1 of a general or municipal election
40	year, the election must be conducted on the date of the next general or

municipal election held in any precincts in the county after the election

for which absentee balloting is being conducted. However, a primary



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1	election may not be conducted before an election conducted under this
2	section, regardless of the population of the town.
3	(b) Districts established by an ordinance adopted under this section
4	must comply with IC 3-11-1.5.
5	(c) If any territory in the town is not included in one (1) of the
6	districts established under this section, the territory is included in the
7	district that:
8	(1) is contiguous to that territory; and
9	(2) contains the least population of all districts contiguous to that
10	territory.
11	(d) If any territory in the town is included in more than one (1) of
12	the districts established under this section, the territory is included in
13	the district that:
14	(1) is one (1) of the districts in which the territory is described in
15	the ordinance adopted under this section;
16	(2) is contiguous to that territory; and
17	(3) contains the least population of all districts contiguous to that
18	territory.
19	(e) Except as provided in subsection (f), an ordinance adopted under
20	this section becomes effective when filed with:
21	(1) the office of the secretary of state; and
22	(2) the circuit court clerk of each county in which the town is
23	located.
24	(f) An ordinance incorporating a town under this section may not
25	take effect during the year preceding a year in which a federal
26	decennial census is conducted. An ordinance under this section that
27	would otherwise take effect during the year preceding a year in which
28	a federal decennial census is conducted takes effect January 2 of the
29	year in which a federal decennial census is conducted.
30	(g) Proceedings to incorporate a town across county boundaries
31	must have the approval of the county executive of each county that
32	contains a part of the proposed town. Each county that contains a part
33	of the proposed town must adopt identical ordinances providing for the
34	incorporation of the town.
35	SECTION 73. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED [EFFECTIVE
36	UPON PASSAGE]: IC 3-5-4-6; IC 3-11-3-4; IC 3-11-8-6.5;
37	IC 3-11-11-1.5; IC 3-11-11-1.6; IC 3-14-2-29.
38	SECTION 74. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007] (a) The definitions in
39	IC 3-5-2 apply throughout this SECTION.
40	(b) An envelope printed before July 1, 2007, in conformity with
41	IC 3-11-10-8, before its amendment by this act, may continue to be
42	used by a county election board until December 31, 2007. An



1	envelope used under IC 3-11-10-8 after December 31, 2007, must	
2	comply with IC 3-11-10-8, as amended by this act.	
3	(c) This SECTION expires December 31, 2008.	
4	SECTION 75. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) IC 3-11-17-1.5,	
5	as added by this act, and IC 3-11-17-3, as amended by this act,	
6	apply to a violation that occurs after June 30, 2007.	
7	(b) This SECTION expires July 1, 2012.	
8	SECTION 76. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) The Spencer	
9	County election board shall place the following public question on	
10	the November 2007 municipal election ballot in the town of	
11	Grandview in Spencer County:	
12	"Would you support funding a storm water utility through a	
13	fee added to your utility bill?".	
14	(b) The county election board shall print the following	
15	immediately below the public question stated in subsection (a):	
16	"The vote on these statements is only advisory. The result of	
17	the vote on these statements is not binding on the Town of	
18	Grandview or any public official.".	
19	(c) The county election board shall tabulate the votes cast on the	
20	public question described in this SECTION and certify the results	
21	under IC 3-12-4-9. The circuit court clerk shall send a copy of the	
22	certification required by this subsection to the legislative body of	
23	the town of Grandview.	
24	(d) IC 3 applies to the public question placed on the ballot under	
25	this SECTION to the extent IC 3 is not inconsistent with this	
26	SECTION.	
27	(e) This SECTION expires July 1, 2008.	
28	SECTION 77. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) The definitions	
29	in IC 3-5-2 apply throughout this SECTION.	
30	(b) This SECTION applies to a proposed precinct establishment	
31	order:	
32	(1) that was filed with the election division:	
33	(A) after January 31, 2006; and	
34	(B) before February 1, 2007;	
35	(2) with respect to which technical comments were received	
36	from the office of census data concerning some or all of the	
37	order, which technical comments were transmitted to the	
38	election division before February 1, 2007; and	
39	(3) that was not approved by the commission or the election	
40	division under IC 3-11-1.5 before February 1, 2007.	
41	(c) Beginning June 1, 2007, and not later than August 31, 2007,	
42	the proposed precinct establishment order, as amended by the	



1	election division to respond to technical comments or to ensure	
2	compliance with state law, may be approved under IC 3-11-1.5-18	
3	by the election division or by the Indiana election commission.	
4	(d) Notwithstanding IC 3-11-1.5, a proposed precinct	
5	establishment order approved under this SECTION is effective	
6	upon the earlier of the adoption of the order by the county under	
7	IC 3-11-1.5-18(e), or upon the approval of the commission under	
8	IC 3-11-1.5.	
9	(e) This SECTION expires January 1, 2008.	
10	SECTION 78. An emergency is declared for this act.	
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COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Local Government and Elections, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 292, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 3, delete lines 6 through 42.

Page 4, delete lines 1 through 41.

Page 12, line 7, strike "before the deadline".

Page 12, strike line 8.

Page 12, line 9, strike "6 of this chapter.".

Page 12, line 10, reset in roman "not less than forty-eight (48) hours before an election.".

Page 16, delete lines 11 through 42.

Page 17, delete line 1.

Page 24, line 31, strike "large or".

Page 28, between lines 30 and 31, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 36. IC 3-11-17-1.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: **Sec. 1.5.** As used in this chapter, "election" means the period that begins on the earlier of:

- (1) the day a voting system is prepared to receive absentee ballots to be cast on election day; or
- (2) the day a candidate is listed on a ballot to be cast on election day;

and ends on the day a recount or contest following election day is completed.

SECTION 37. IC 3-11-17-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.221-2005, SECTION 96, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3. (a) If the secretary of state determines that a vendor is subject to a civil penalty under section 2 of this chapter, the secretary of state may assess a civil penalty. The civil penalty assessed under this section may not exceed three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000), plus any investigative costs incurred and documented by the secretary of state.

(b) In computing the maximum civil penalty that may be assessed under subsection (a), if a violation occurs in more than one (1) county, the violation is considered a separate violation in each county in which the violation occurs.

SECTION 38. IC 3-11-17-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.221-2005, SECTION 96, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 4. The secretary of state is **not** subject to IC 4-21.5

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in imposing a civil penalty under this chapter.".

Page 29, between lines 13 and 14, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 40. IC 3-11-17.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]:

Chapter 17.5. Audits to Determine Compliance With Federal and State Election Record Retention Requirements

- Sec. 1. Beginning January 1, 2008, the secretary of state shall conduct audits of the status of precinct election material retained by a circuit court clerk under IC 3-10-1-31 and IC 3-10-1-31.1.
- Sec. 2. The secretary of state shall determine whether the precinct election material has been preserved in compliance with 42 U.S.C. 1974 and this title.
- Sec. 3. Not later than the first Monday of June each year, the secretary of state shall randomly select one percent (1%) of all precincts in Indiana to be audited under this chapter.
- Sec. 4. If the secretary of state determines that precinct election material is not being preserved in compliance with 42 U.S.C. 1974 and this title, the secretary of state shall provide a written report describing the noncompliance to the county election board of the county that is responsible for the precinct election material.

SECTION 41. IC 3-11-18-5, AS ADDED BY P.L.164-2006, SECTION 119, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) Except for a municipality described in subsection (b), a plan must provide a vote center for use by voters residing in each municipality within the county conducting a municipal primary or a municipal election.

(b) A vote center may not be used In a municipal primary or municipal election conducted within a municipality that is partially located in a county that has not been designated a vote center pilot county, a vote center may not be used by a voter who does not reside within that part of the municipality that is located in the county that has been designated a vote center pilot county."

Page 36, between lines 21 and 22, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 55. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) IC 3-11-17-1.5, as added by this act, and IC 3-11-17-3 and IC 3-11-17-4, both as amended by this act, apply to a violation that occurs after June 30, 2007.









(b) This SECTION expires July 1, 2012.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 292 as introduced.)

LAWSON C, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 5, Nays 2.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Elections and Apportionment, to which was referred Senate Bill 292, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 1. IC 3-5-2-40.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.109-2005, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 40.5. "Proof of identification" refers to a document that satisfies all the following:

- (1) The document shows the name of the individual to whom the document was issued, and the name conforms to the name in the individual's voter registration record.
- (2) The document shows a photograph of the individual to whom the document was issued.
- (3) The document includes an expiration date, and the document: (A) is not expired; or
- (B) expired after the date of the most recent general election.
- (4) The document was issued by any of the following:
 - (A) The United States. or Notwithstanding subdivision (3), a document issued by the United States Department of Defense, a branch of the uniformed services, the Merchant Marine, or the Indiana National Guard that:
 - (i) otherwise complies with the requirements of this section; and
 - (ii) has no expiration date or states that the document has an indefinite expiration date;

is sufficient proof of identification for purposes of this title.

- **(B)** The state of Indiana.
- (C) An approved institution of higher learning (as defined

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in IC 20-12-21-3).".

Page 2, between lines 1 and 2, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 4. IC 3-5-4.5-2.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: **Sec. 2.5. (a) This section applies to an absentee ballot cast by an individual confined in a long term care facility.**

(b) A person may not challenge the right of an individual to vote at an election by absentee ballot solely on the basis that the address on the individual's application for an absentee ballot differs from the address shown on the individual's voter registration record.".

Page 3, between lines 5 and 6, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 7. IC 3-7-13-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) A person who is:

- (1) convicted of a crime; and
- (2) imprisoned following conviction; is deprived of the right of suffrage by the general assembly pursuant to Article 2, Section 8 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana.
- (b) A person described in subsection (a) is ineligible to register under this article during the period that the person is:
 - (1) imprisoned; or
 - (2) otherwise subject to lawful detention.
- (c) A person who is subject to lawful detention but has not been convicted of a crime is eligible to:
 - (1) register under this article; and
 - (2) vote;

until the person has been convicted of a crime and imprisoned following conviction.".

Page 10, line 25, reset in roman "by facsimile".

Page 10, line 26, reset in roman "transmission or".

Page 10, delete lines 40 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 14. IC 3-10-1-7.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2006, SECTION 67, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7.2. (a) Except as provided in subsection (e), a voter who desires to vote an official ballot at a primary election shall provide proof of identification.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (e), before the voter proceeds to vote in a primary election, a member of the precinct election board officer shall ask the voter to provide proof of identification. The voter must produce the proof of identification before being permitted to sign the poll list.

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- (c) If:
 - (1) the voter is unable or declines to present the proof of identification; or
 - (2) a member of the precinct election board determines that the proof of identification presented by the voter does not qualify as proof of identification under IC 3-5-2-40.5;

a member of the precinct election board shall challenge the voter as prescribed by IC 3-11-8.

- (d) If the voter executes a challenged voter's affidavit under section 9 of this chapter or IC 3-11-8-22.1, the voter may:
 - (1) sign the poll list; and
 - (2) receive a provisional ballot.
- (e) A voter described by either of the following is not required to provide proof of identification before voting in a primary election:
 - (1) A voter who votes in person at a precinct polling place that is located at a state licensed care facility where the voter resides. is not required to provide proof of identification before voting in a primary election.
 - (2) A voter who executes an affidavit, in the form prescribed by the commission, affirming under the penalties of perjury that the voter satisfies either of the following:
 - (A) The voter is:
 - (i) indigent; and
 - (ii) unable to obtain proof of identification without the payment of a fee.
 - (B) The voter has a religious objection to being photographed.".

Page 11, delete lines 1 through 33.

Page 13, delete lines 33 through 40.

Page 14, between lines 15 and 16, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 19. IC 3-11-2-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.58-2005, SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 10. (a) The name or title of the political party or independent ticket described in section 6 of this chapter shall be placed at the top of the ballot. The device of the political party or independent ticket shall be placed immediately under the name of the political party or independent ticket. The instructions for voting a straight party ticket shall be placed to the right of the device.

(b) The instructions for voting a straight party ticket must conform as nearly as possible to the following: "To vote a straight (insert political party name) ticket for all (political party name) candidates on











this ballot, make a voting mark on or in this circle and do not make any other marks on this ballot, unless you want to vote for any candidates of a political party other than the (political party name). If you want to vote for candidates for offices other than candidates of the (political party name) party, you must:

- (1) make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of that candidate's name; or
- (2) write in the name of the candidate on the ballot where write-in votes may be cast and make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the candidate's name you write in.

If more than one (1) candidate is to be elected to an office, you must also make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the names of the candidates of the (political party name) party for whom you want to vote for that office in addition to the names of the candidates you want to vote for who are not (political party name) candidates. DO NOT VOTE FOR MORE CANDIDATES FOR AN OFFICE THAN ARE TO BE ELECTED; IF YOU DO, THE VOTES FOR THE (POLITICAL PARTY NAME) CANDIDATES FOR THAT OFFICE WILL NOT BE COUNTED AND IT IS POSSIBLE THAT ALL THE VOTES YOU CAST FOR CANDIDATES FOR THE OFFICE WILL NOT BE COUNTED.

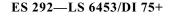
If you wish to vote for a candidate seeking a nonpartisan office or on a public question, you must make another voting mark on the appropriate place on this ballot.".

- (c) If the ballot contains an independent ticket described in section 6 of this chapter and at least one (1) other independent candidate, the ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: "A vote cast for an independent ticket will only be counted for the candidates for President and Vice President or governor and lieutenant governor comprising that independent ticket. This vote will NOT be counted for any OTHER independent candidate appearing on the ballot."
- (d) The ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: "A write-in vote will NOT be counted unless the vote is for a DECLARED write-in candidate. To vote for a write-in candidate, you must make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the name you have written in or your vote will not be counted.".
- (e) The list of candidates of the political party shall be placed immediately under the instructions for voting a straight party ticket. The names of the candidates shall be placed three-fourths (3/4) of an inch apart from center to center of the name. The name of each candidate must have, immediately on its left, a square three-eighths











(3/8) of an inch on each side.

(f) The election division or the circuit court clerk may authorize the printing of ballots containing a ballot variation code to ensure that the proper version of a ballot is used within a precinct.

SECTION 20. IC 3-11-3-22, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2006, SECTION 91, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 22. (a) Each county election board shall have printed in at least 14 point type on cards in English braille, and any other language that the board considers necessary the following:

- (1) Instructions for the guidance of voters in preparing their ballots.
- (2) Instructions explaining the procedure for write-in voting.
- (3) Write-in voting notice cards that must be posted in each precinct that utilizes a voting system that does not permit a voter to alter the voter's ballot after making a voting mark for a write-in candidate so that the voter may vote for a candidate for that office whose name appears on the ballot.
- (b) The write-in notice cards described in subsection (a)(3) must inform all voters that a voter:
 - (1) who wants to cast write-in votes may cast the voter's ballot on the voting system required to be available to all voters in the precinct under IC 3-11-15-13.3(e); and
 - (2) may choose to cast the voter's ballot on the voting system described in subdivision (1) without being required to indicate to any individual that the voter wishes to cast a ballot on the voting system because the voter intends to cast a ballot for a write-in candidate.
- (c) The board shall furnish the number of cards it determines to be adequate for each precinct to the inspector at the same time the board delivers the ballots for the precinct and shall furnish a magnifier upon request to a voter who requests a magnifier to read the cards.".

Page 19, between lines 20 and 21, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 26. IC 3-11-4-17.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2006, SECTION 92, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 17.5. (a) Upon receiving an application for an absentee ballot, the county election board (or the absentee voter board in the office of the circuit court clerk) shall determine if:

- (1) the applicant is a voter of the precinct in which the applicant resides, according to the records of the county voter registration office;
- (2) the information set forth on the application appears to be true; and

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(3) the application has been completed and filed in accordance with Indiana and federal law.

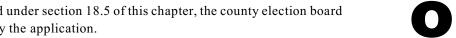
If the members of the absentee voter board are unable to agree about any of the determinations described in subdivisions (1) through (3), the issue shall be referred to the county election board for determination. If the application is submitted by a voter wanting to cast an absentee ballot under IC 3-11-10-26, the voter shall be permitted to cast an absentee ballot, and the voter's absentee ballot shall be treated as a provisional ballot.

- (b) If:
 - (1) the applicant is not a voter of the precinct according to the registration record; or
 - (2) the application as completed and filed:
 - (A) contains a false statement; or
- (B) does not otherwise comply with Indiana or federal law; as alleged under section 18.5 of this chapter, the county election board shall deny the application.
- (c) This subsection applies to an absentee ballot application submitted by an absent uniformed services voter or an overseas voter. In accordance with 42 U.S.C. 1973ff-1(d), If the application is denied, the county election board shall provide the voter with the reasons for the denial of the application. Unless the voter is present when the board denies the application, the board shall send a written notice stating the reasons for the denial to the voter. The notice must be sent:
 - (1) not later than forty-eight (48) hours after the application is denied; and
 - (2) to the voter at the address at which the voter requested that the absentee ballot be mailed.

The notice must include information telling the applicant how the application can be corrected and can be approved, if possible.

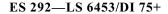
- (d) If the county election board determines that the applicant is a voter of the precinct under subsection (a), the board shall then determine whether:
 - (1) the applicant was required to file any additional documentation under IC 3-7-33-4.5; and
 - (2) the applicant has filed this documentation according to the records of the county voter registration office.

If the applicant has not filed the required documentation, the county election board shall approve the application if the application otherwise complies with this chapter. The board shall add a notation to the application and to the record compiled under section 17 of this chapter indicating that the applicant will be required to provide additional











documentation to the county voter registration office under IC 3-7-33-4.5 before the absentee ballot may be counted.

- (e) If the applicant:
 - (1) is a voter of the precinct according to the registration record;
 - (2) states on the application that the applicant resides at an address that is within the same precinct but is not the same address shown on the registration record; and
 - (3) provides a voter identification number on the application to permit transfer of registration under IC 3-7-13-13;

the county election board shall direct the county voter registration office to transfer the applicant's voter registration address to the address within the precinct shown on the application. The applicant's application for an absentee ballot shall be approved if the applicant is otherwise eligible to receive the ballot under this chapter.".

Page 21, between lines 38 and 39, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 32. IC 3-11-8-25.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2006, SECTION 100, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 25.1. (a) Except as provided in subsection (e), a voter who desires to vote an official ballot at an election shall provide proof of identification.

- (b) Except as provided in subsection (e), before the voter proceeds to vote in the election, a member of the precinct election board officer shall ask the voter to provide proof of identification. The voter shall produce the proof of identification before being permitted to sign the poll list.
 - (c) If:
 - (1) the voter is unable or declines to present the proof of identification; or
 - (2) a member of the precinct election board determines that the proof of identification provided by the voter does not qualify as proof of identification under IC 3-5-2-40.5;

a member of the precinct election board shall challenge the voter as prescribed by this chapter.

- (d) If the voter executes a challenged voter's affidavit under section 22.1 of this chapter, the voter may:
 - (1) sign the poll list; and
 - (2) receive a provisional ballot.
- (e) A voter described by either of the following is not required to provide proof of identification before voting in an election:
 - (1) A voter who votes in person at a precinct polling place that is located at a state licensed care facility where the voter resides. is not required to provide proof of identification before voting in an

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election.

- (2) A voter who executes an affidavit, in the form prescribed by the commission, affirming under the penalties of perjury that the voter satisfies either of the following:
 - (A) The voter is:
 - (i) indigent; and
 - (ii) unable to obtain proof of identification without the payment of a fee.
 - (B) The voter has a religious objection to being photographed.
- (f) After a voter has passed the challengers or has been sworn in, the voter shall be instructed by a member of the precinct election board to proceed to the location where the poll clerks are stationed. The voter shall announce the voter's name to the poll clerks or assistant poll clerks. A poll clerk, an assistant poll clerk, or a member of the precinct election board shall require the voter to write the following on the poll list:
 - (1) The voter's name.
 - (2) Except as provided in subsection (k), the voter's current residence address.
- (g) The poll clerk, an assistant poll clerk, or a member of the precinct election board shall:
 - (1) ask the voter to provide or update the voter's voter identification number;
 - (2) tell the voter the number the voter may use as a voter identification number; and
 - (3) explain to the voter that the voter is not required to provide or update a voter identification number at the polls.
- (h) The poll clerk, an assistant poll clerk, or a member of the precinct election board shall ask the voter to provide proof of identification.
- (i) In case of doubt concerning a voter's identity, the precinct election board shall compare the voter's signature with the signature on the affidavit of registration or any certified copy of the signature provided under IC 3-7-29. If the board determines that the voter's signature is authentic, the voter may then vote. If either poll clerk doubts the voter's identity following comparison of the signatures, the poll clerk shall challenge the voter in the manner prescribed by section 21 of this chapter.
 - (j) If, in a precinct governed by subsection (g):
 - (1) the poll clerk does not execute a challenger's affidavit; or
 - (2) the voter executes a challenged voter's affidavit under section



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22.1 of this chapter or executed the affidavit before signing the poll list;

the voter may then vote.

(k) Each line on a poll list sheet provided to take a voter's current address must include a box under the heading "Address Unchanged" so that a voter whose residence address shown on the poll list is the voter's current residence address may check the box instead of writing the voter's current residence address on the poll list.

SECTION 33. IC 3-11-10-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2005, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) Upon receipt of an absentee ballot, a county election board (or the absentee voter board in the office of the circuit court clerk) shall immediately examine the signature of the absentee voter to determine its genuineness.

- (b) This subsection does not apply to an absentee ballot cast by a voter permitted to transmit the voter's absentee ballots by fax or electronic mail under IC 3-11-4-6. The board shall compare the signature as it appears upon the envelope containing the absentee ballot with the signature of the voter as it appears upon the application for the absentee ballot. voter's affidavit of registration. The board may also compare the signature on the ballot envelope with any other admittedly genuine signature of the voter.
- (c) This subsection applies to an absentee ballot cast by a voter permitted to transmit the voter's absentee ballots by fax or electronic mail under IC 3-11-4-6. The board shall compare the signature as it appears on the affidavit transmitted with the voter's absentee ballot to the voter's signature as it appears on the application for the absentee ballot. voter's affidavit of registration. The board may also compare the signature on the affidavit with any other admittedly genuine signature of the voter.
- (d) If a member of the absentee voter board questions whether a signature on a ballot envelope or transmitted affidavit is genuine, the matter shall be referred to the county election board for consideration under section 5 of this chapter.".

Page 21, delete lines 39 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 34. IC 3-11-10-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 8. (a) If a county election board (or the absentee voter board in the office of the circuit court clerk) unanimously finds that the signature on a ballot envelope or transmitted affidavit is genuine, the board shall enclose immediately the accepted and unopened ballot envelope together with the voter's

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application for the absentee ballot in a large or carrier envelope. The board may enclose in the same carrier envelope all absentee ballot envelopes and voter applications to be transmitted to the same precinct.

(b) The envelope shall be securely sealed and endorsed with the name and official title of the circuit court clerk and the following words: "This envelope contains an absentee ballot and must be opened only at the polls on election day while the polls are open.

SECTION 35. IC 3-11-10-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2006, SECTION 106, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) Each county election board shall have all absentee ballots delivered to the precinct election boards at their respective polls on election day.

- (b) The absentee ballots shall be delivered during the hours that the polls are open. and in sufficient time to enable The precinct election boards to board shall vote the ballots received during the time the polls are open. Any ballots received by the precinct election board after the polls are closed shall be returned to the county election board for counting under section 14 of this chapter.
- (c) Along with the absentee ballots delivered to the precinct election boards under subsection (a), each county election board shall provide a list certified by the circuit court clerk. This list must state the name of each voter subject to IC 3-7-33-4.5 who:
 - (1) filed the documentation required by IC 3-7-33-4.5 with the county voter registration office after the printing of the certified list under IC 3-7-29 or the poll list under IC 3-11-3; and
 - (2) as a result, is entitled to have the voter's absentee ballot counted if the ballot otherwise complies with this title.
- (d) If the county election board is notified not later than 3 p.m. on election day by the county voter registration office that a voter subject to IC 3-7-33-4.5 and not identified in the list certified under subsection (c) has filed documentation with the office that complies with IC 3-7-33-4.5, the county election board shall transmit a supplemental certified list to the appropriate precinct election board. If the board determines that the supplemental list may not be received before the closing of the polls, the board shall:
 - (1) attempt to contact the precinct election board to inform the board regarding the content of the supplemental list; and
 - (2) file a copy of the supplemental list for that precinct as part of the permanent records of the board.
- (e) This subsection applies to a special write-in absentee ballot described in:











- (1) 42 U.S.C. 1973ff for federal offices; and
- (2) IC 3-11-4-12(a) for state offices.

If the county election board receives both a special write-in absentee ballot and the regular absentee ballot described by IC 3-11-4-12 from the same voter, the county election board shall reject the special write-in ballot and deliver only the regular absentee ballot to the precinct election board.".

Page 22, delete lines 1 through 15, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 36. IC 3-11-10-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2005, SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 14. (a) Subject to IC 3-10-8-7.5 and section 11 of this chapter, absentee ballots received by mail (or by fax or electronic mail under IC 3-11-4-6) after the county election board has started the final delivery of the ballots to the precincts on election day shall be delivered to the county election board for counting.

- (b) An absentee ballot delivered to the county election board under subsection (a) shall be counted by the county election board if the ballot is not otherwise successfully challenged under this title.
- (c) The election returns from the precinct shall be adjusted to reflect the votes on an absentee ballot required to be counted under subsection (b).
- (d) Except as provided in subsection (e), absentee ballots received by the county election board after the close of the polls on election day are considered as arriving too late and need may not be delivered to the polls. counted.
- (e) Absentee ballots received by the precinct election board as described in section 12(b) of this chapter after the close of the polls shall be returned to the county election board and be counted as provided in this section.

SECTION 37. IC 3-11-10-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15. At any time between the opening and closing of the polls on election day, the inspector, in the presence of the precinct election board, shall do all of the following:

- (1) Open the outer or carrier envelope containing an absentee ballot envelope and application.
- (2) Announce the absentee voter's name.
- (3) Compare the signature upon the application voter's affidavit of registration with the signature upon the affidavit on the ballot envelope or transmitted affidavit attached to the ballot envelope. SECTION 38. IC 3-11-10-24, AS AMENDED BY P.L.103-2005,

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SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 24. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a voter who satisfies any of the following is entitled to vote by mail:

- (1) The voter has a specific, reasonable expectation of being absent from the county on election day during the entire twelve (12) hours that the polls are open.
- (2) The voter will be absent from the precinct of the voter's residence on election day because of service as:
 - (A) a precinct election officer under IC 3-6-6;
 - (B) a watcher under IC 3-6-8, IC 3-6-9, or IC 3-6-10;
 - (C) a challenger or pollbook holder under IC 3-6-7; or
 - (D) a person employed by an election board to administer the election for which the absentee ballot is requested.
- (3) The voter will be confined on election day to the voter's residence, to a health care facility, or to a hospital because of an illness or injury during the entire twelve (12) hours that the polls are open.
- (4) The voter is a voter with disabilities.
- (5) The voter is an elderly voter.
- (6) The voter is prevented from voting due to the voter's care of an individual confined to a private residence because of illness or injury during the entire twelve (12) hours that the polls are open.
- (7) The voter is scheduled to work at the person's regular place of employment during the entire twelve (12) hours that the polls are open.
- (8) The voter is eligible to vote under IC 3-10-11 or IC 3-10-12.
- (9) The voter is prevented from voting due to observance of a religious discipline or religious holiday during the entire twelve (12) hours that the polls are open.
- (10) The voter is an address confidentiality program participant (as defined in IC 5-26.5-1-6).
- (11) The voter is subject to lawful detention but has not been convicted of a crime.
- (b) A voter with disabilities who:
 - (1) is unable to make a voting mark on the ballot or sign the absentee ballot secrecy envelope; and
 - (2) requests that the absentee ballot be delivered to an address within Indiana;

must vote before an absentee voter board under section 25(b) of this chapter.

(c) If a voter receives an absentee ballot by mail, the voter shall personally mark the ballot in secret and seal the marked ballot inside



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the envelope provided by the county election board for that purpose. The voter shall:

- (1) deposit the sealed envelope in the United States mail for delivery to the county election board; or
- (2) authorize a member of the voter's household or the individual designated as the voter's attorney in fact to:
 - (A) deposit the sealed envelope in the United States mail; or
 - (B) deliver the sealed envelope in person to the county election board.
- (d) If a member of the voter's household or the voter's attorney in fact delivers the sealed envelope containing a voter's absentee ballot to the county election board, the individual delivering the ballot shall complete an affidavit in a form prescribed by the commission. The affidavit must contain the following information:
 - (1) The name and residence address of the voter whose absentee ballot is being delivered.
 - (2) A statement of the full name, residence and mailing address, and daytime and evening telephone numbers (if any) of the individual delivering the absentee ballot.
 - (3) A statement indicating whether the individual delivering the absentee ballot is a member of the voter's household or is the attorney in fact for the voter. If the individual is the attorney in fact for the voter, the individual must attach a copy of the power of attorney for the voter, unless a copy of this document has already been filed with the county election board.
 - (4) The date and location at which the absentee ballot was delivered by the voter to the individual delivering the ballot to the county election board.
 - (5) A statement that the individual delivering the absentee ballot has complied with Indiana laws governing absentee ballots.
 - (6) A statement that the individual delivering the absentee ballot is executing the affidavit under the penalties of perjury.
 - (7) A statement setting forth the penalties for perjury.
- (e) The county election board shall record the date and time that the affidavit under subsection (d) was filed with the board.
- (f) After a voter has mailed or delivered an absentee ballot to the office of the circuit court clerk, the voter may not recast a ballot, except as provided in:
 - (1) section 1.5 of this chapter; or
 - (2) section 33 of this chapter.

SECTION 39. IC 3-11-10-25, AS AMENDED BY P.L.164-2006, SECTION 108, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS

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[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 25. (a) A voter who votes by absentee ballot because of: the voter:

- (1) has an illness or injury; or
- (2) is caring for a confined person at a private residence; or
- (3) is subject to lawful detention but has not been convicted of a crime;

and who is within the county on election day may vote before an absentee voter board or by mail.

- (b) If requested by a voter described in subsection (a) or by a voter with disabilities whose precinct is not accessible to voters with disabilities, an absentee voter board shall visit the voter's place of confinement, the residence of the voter with disabilities, or the private residence:
 - (1) during the regular office hours of the circuit court clerk;
 - (2) at a time agreed to by the board and the voter;
 - (3) on any of the twelve (12) days immediately before election day; and
 - (4) only once before an election, unless:
 - (A) the confined voter is unavailable at the time of the board's first visit due to a medical emergency; or
 - (B) the board, in its discretion, decides to make an additional visit.
- (c) This subsection applies to a voter confined due to illness or injury. An absentee voter board may not be denied access to the voter's place of confinement if the board is present at the place of confinement at a time:
 - (1) agreed to by the board and the voter; and
 - (2) during the regular office hours of the circuit court clerk. A person who knowingly violates this subsection commits obstruction or interference with an election officer in the discharge of the officer's duty, a violation of IC 3-14-3-4.
- (d) The county election board, by unanimous vote of the board's entire membership, may authorize an absentee voter board to visit a voter who is confined due to illness or injury and will be outside the county on election day in accordance with the procedures set forth in subsection (b).
- (e) As provided by 42 U.S.C. 15481, a voter casting an absentee ballot under this section must be:
 - (1) permitted to verify in a private and independent manner the votes selected by the voter before the ballot is cast and counted;
 - (2) provided with the opportunity to change the ballot or correct any error in a private and independent manner before the ballot is



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cast and counted, including the opportunity to receive a replacement ballot if the voter is otherwise unable to change or correct the ballot; and

- (3) notified before the ballot is cast regarding the effect of casting multiple votes for the office and provided an opportunity to correct the ballot before the ballot is cast and counted.
- (f) As provided by 42 U.S.C. 15481, when an absentee ballot is provided under this section, the board must also provide the voter with:
 - (1) information concerning the effect of casting multiple votes for an office; and
 - (2) instructions on how to correct the ballot before the ballot is cast and counted, including the issuance of replacement ballots.
- (g) This subsection applies to a voter who applies to vote an absentee ballot by mail. The county election board shall include a copy of the Absentee Voter's Bill of Rights with any absentee ballot mailed to the voter."

Page 25, delete lines 38 through 42.

Page 26, delete lines 1 through 2.

Page 26, delete lines 25 through 28.

Page 26, line 33, delete ":".

Page 26, line 34, delete "(1)".

Page 26, line 35, after "chapter" insert "."

Page 26, line 35, delete "by the secretary of".

Page 26, run in lines 33 through 35.

Page 26, delete lines 36 through 38.

Page 26, line 41, delete "secretary of"

Page 26, line 42, delete "state or the".

Page 27, line 17, delete "secretary of state" and insert "election division".

Page 27, line 20, delete "secretary of state" and insert "election division".

Page 27, line 24, delete "secretary of state" and insert "election division".

Page 27, line 26, delete "secretary of state" and insert "election division".

Page 27, line 28, delete "secretary of state" and insert "election division".

Page 27, after line 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 47. IC 3-11.5-4-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2005, SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. Subject to section 7 of this chapter, absentee ballots received by mail (or by fax or electronic mail under

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IC 3-11-4-6) after noon the close of the polls on election day are considered as arriving too late and may not be counted.

SECTION 48. IC 3-11.5-4-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. At any time after the couriers return the certificate under section 9 of this chapter, absentee ballot counters appointed under section 22 of this chapter, in the presence of the county election board, shall, except for a ballot rejected under section 13 of this chapter:

- (1) open the outer or carrier envelope containing an absentee ballot envelope and application;
- (2) announce the absentee voter's name; and
- (3) compare the signature upon the application with the signature upon the affidavit on the ballot envelope or transmitted affidavit with the signature on the voter's affidavit of registration.

SECTION 49. IC 3-11.5-4-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 18. If a voter has not returned an absentee ballot, the voter may vote in person. However, before the voter may vote, the voter must return the ballot to the **precinct election board or the** county election board. The absentee ballot shall be marked "canceled" and preserved with the rejected ballots.".

Page 28, between lines 40 and 41, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 51. IC 3-11.7-5-2.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.103-2005, SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2.5. (a) A voter who:

- (1) was challenged under IC 3-10-1, IC 3-11-8, or IC 3-11-10-26 as a result of the voter's inability or declination to provide proof of identification; and
- (2) cast a provisional ballot;

may personally appear before the circuit court clerk or the county election board not later than the deadline specified by section 1 of this chapter for the county election board to determine whether to count a provisional ballot.

- (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), or (e), if the voter:
 - (1) provides proof of identification to the circuit court clerk or county election board; and
 - (2) executes an affidavit before the clerk or board, in the form prescribed by the commission, affirming under the penalties of perjury that the voter is the same individual who:
 - (A) personally appeared before the precinct election board; and
 - (B) cast the provisional ballot on election day;

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the county election board shall find that the voter's provisional ballot is valid and direct that the provisional ballot be opened under section 4 of this chapter and processed in accordance with this chapter.

- (c) If the voter executes an affidavit before the circuit court clerk or county election board, in the form prescribed by the commission, affirming under the penalties of perjury that:
 - (1) the voter is the same individual who:
 - (A) personally appeared before the precinct election board; and
 - (B) cast the provisional ballot on election day; and
 - (2) the voter:

(A) is:

- (i) indigent; and
- (ii) unable to obtain proof of identification without the payment of a fee; or
- (B) has a religious objection to being photographed; the county election board shall determine whether the voter has been challenged for any reason other than the voter's inability or declination to present proof of identification to the precinct election board.
- (d) If the county election board determines that the voter described in subsection (c) has been challenged solely for the inability or declination of the voter to provide proof of identification, the county election board shall:
 - (1) find that the voter's provisional ballot is valid; and
 - (2) direct that the provisional ballot be:
 - (A) opened under section 4 of this chapter; and
 - (B) processed in accordance with this chapter.
- (e) (c) If the county election board determines that a voter described in subsection (b) or (c) has been challenged for a cause other than the voter's inability or declination to provide proof of identification, the board shall:
 - (1) note on the envelope containing the provisional ballot that the voter has complied with the proof of identification requirement; and
 - (2) proceed to determine the validity of the remaining challenges set forth in the challenge affidavit before ruling on the validity of the voter's provisional ballot.
- (f) (d) If a voter described by subsection (a) fails by the deadline for counting provisional ballots referenced in subsection (a) to:
 - (1) appear before the county election board; and
 - (2) execute an affidavit in the manner prescribed by subsection
 - (b); or (c);







the county election board shall find that the voter's provisional ballot is invalid.

SECTION 52. IC 3-12-1-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) This section applies to votes cast by any method.

- (b) Except as provided in section 13 of this chapter, a ballot that has been marked and cast by a voter in compliance with this title but may otherwise not be counted solely as the result of the act or failure to act of an election officer may nevertheless shall be counted in a proceeding under IC 3-12-6, IC 3-12-8, or IC 3-12-11 unless evidence of fraud, tampering, or misconduct affecting the integrity of the ballot is presented. by a party to the proceeding.
- (c) The act or failure to act by an election officer is not by itself evidence of fraud, tampering, or misconduct affecting the integrity of the ballot.".

Page 29, between lines 36 and 37, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 54. IC 3-12-4-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2005, SECTION 105, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 18. If electronic voting systems are used in a precinct, the county election board may request authorization from the state recount commission to inspect the registering counter or other recording device on any electronic voting system showing the number of votes cast for any candidate or public question. If authorized by the state recount commission, The board may conduct an inspection either before it proceeds to count and tabulate the vote or within one (1) day after the count and tabulation are finished."

Page 33, between lines 12 and 13, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 63. IC 5-4-1-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 18. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b) or (c), the following city, town, county, or township officers and employees shall file an individual surety bond:

- (1) City judges, controllers, clerks, and clerk-treasurers.
- (2) Town judges and clerk-treasurers.
- (3) Auditors, treasurers, recorders, surveyors, sheriffs, coroners, assessors, and clerks.
- (4) Township trustees and assessors.
- (5) Those employees directed to file an individual bond by the fiscal body of a city, town, or county.
- (b) The fiscal body of a city, town, county, or township may by ordinance authorize the purchase of a blanket bond or a crime insurance policy endorsed to include faithful performance to cover the









faithful performance of all employees, commission members, and persons acting on behalf of the local government unit including those officers described in subsection (a).

- (c) A county may purchase a blanket bond to cover the elected officers of one (1) or more local government units in the county, including those officers described in subsection (a). The local units for whom the county purchases a blanket bond shall make the necessary appropriation to reimburse the county. The cost of a blanket bond purchased under this subsection is apportioned to each unit in the same ratio as the number of elected officers of the unit covered by the bond bears to the total number of elected officers covered by the bond.
- (c) (d) The fiscal bodies of the respective units shall fix the amount of the bond of city controllers, city clerk-treasurers, town clerk-treasurers, Barrett Law fund custodians, county treasurers, county sheriffs, circuit court clerks, township trustees, and conservancy district financial clerks as follows:
 - (1) The amount must equal fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) for each one million dollars (\$1,000,000) of receipts of the officer's office during the last complete fiscal year before the purchase of the bond, subject to subdivision (2).
 - (2) The amount may not be less than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) nor more than three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000).

County auditors shall file bonds in amounts of not less than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000), as fixed by the fiscal body of the county. The amount of the bond of any other person required to file an individual bond shall be fixed by the fiscal body of the unit at not less than eight thousand five hundred dollars (\$8,500).

- (d) (e) A controller of a solid waste management district established under IC 13-21 or IC 13-9.5 (before its repeal) shall file an individual surety bond in an amount:
 - (1) fixed by the board of directors of the solid waste management district; and
 - (2) that is at least fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000).
- (c) (f) Except as provided under subsection (d), (e), a person who is required to file an individual surety bond by the board of directors of a solid waste management district established under IC 13-21 or IC 13-9.5 (before its repeal) shall file a bond in an amount fixed by the board of directors.
- (f) (g) In 1982 and every four (4) years after that, the state examiner shall review the bond amounts fixed under this section and report in an













electronic format under IC 5-14-6 to the general assembly whether changes are necessary to ensure adequate and economical coverage.

(g) (h) The commissioner of insurance shall prescribe the form of the bonds or crime policies required by this section, in consultation with the commission on public records under IC 5-15-5.1-6.

SECTION 64. IC 5-10.1-2-9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2007 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 9. (a) The agreement shall be modified to exclude services performed by an election official or an election worker for calendar year 2007 in which the remuneration paid for such services is less than one thousand three hundred dollars (\$1,300), and for each calendar year after 2007 in which the remuneration paid is less than the adjusted amount, as described in subsection (b), beginning with services performed in the year that this modification was mailed or delivered by other means to the Commissioner of Social Security.

- (b) The one thousand three hundred dollar (\$1,300) limit on the excludable amount of remuneration paid in a calendar year for the services specified in this modification is subject to adjustment for calendar years after 2007 to reflect changes in wages in the economy without any further modification of the agreement, with respect to such services performed during such calendar years, in accordance with Section 218(c)(8)(B) of the Social Security Act.
- (c) This exclusion applies to all coverage groups of the state and its political subdivisions currently (as of the date this modification is executed), including under this agreement and to which the agreement is hereafter made applicable.

SECTION 65. IC 20-23-8-10, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 10. (a) A change in a plan may be initiated by one (1) of the following procedures:

- (1) By filing a petition signed by at least twenty ten percent (20%) (10%) of the active voters (as defined in IC 3-5-2-1.7) of the school corporation with the clerk of the circuit court.
- (2) By a resolution adopted by the governing body of the school corporation.
- (3) By ordinance adopted by a city legislative body under section 13 of this chapter.
- (b) A petition, resolution, or ordinance must set forth a description of the plan that conforms with section 7 of this chapter.
- (c) Except as provided in subsection (a)(1), in a city having a population of more than fifty-nine thousand seven hundred (59,700)











but less than sixty-five thousand (65,000), a change in a plan may be initiated by filing a petition signed by ten percent (10%) or more of the voters of the school corporation with the clerk of the circuit court.

SECTION 66. IC 20-23-8-14, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005, SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 14. (a) Not more than ten (10) days after a governing body has:

- (1) initiated;
- (2) approved; or
- (3) disapproved;

a plan initiated by the petition filed with it, the governing body shall publish a notice one (1) time in a newspaper of general circulation in the county of the school corporation. If a newspaper of general circulation is not published in the county of the school corporation, the governing body shall publish a notice one (1) time in a newspaper of general circulation published in a county adjoining the county of the school corporation.

- (b) The notice must set out the text of a plan initiated by the governing body or another plan filed with the governing body before the preparation of the notice. The notice must also state the right of a voter, as provided in this section, to file a petition for alternative plans or a petition protesting the adoption of a plan or plans to which the notice relates.
- (c) If the governing body fails to publish a notice required by this section, the governing body shall, not more than five (5) days after the expiration of the ten (10) day period for publication of notice under this section, submit the petition that has been filed with the clerk to the state board, whether or not the plan contained in the petition or the petition meets the requirements of this chapter.
- (d) Not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the publication of the notice, voters of the school corporation may file with the clerk a petition protesting a plan initiated or approved by the governing body or a petition submitting an alternative plan as follows:
 - (1) A petition protesting a plan shall must be signed by at least twenty ten percent (20%) (10%) of the active voters (as defined in IC 3-5-2-1.7) of the school corporation or five hundred (500) voters of the school corporation, whichever is less.
 - (2) A petition submitting an alternative plan shall must be signed by at least twenty ten percent (20%) (10%) of the active voters (as defined in IC 3-5-2-1.7) of the school corporation.

A petition filed under this subsection shall be certified by the clerk and shall be filed with the governing body in the same manner as is











provided for a petition in section 11 of this chapter.

- (e) The governing body or the voters may not initiate or file additional plans until the plans that were published in the notice or submitted as alternative plans not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the publication of the notice have been disposed of by:
 - (1) adoption;
 - (2) defeat at a special election held under section 16 of this chapter; or
 - (3) combination with another plan by the state board under section 15 of this chapter.

SECTION 67. IC 20-23-14.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]:

Chapter 14.5. Election of Governing Body Members in Mishawaka

Sec. 1. In a school city established under IC 20-23-4 located in a city having a population of more than forty-six thousand five hundred (46,500) but less than fifty thousand (50,000), if a majority of the voters voting in the municipal election held on November 6, 2007, vote in favor of an elected school board, the governing body consists of a board of trustees of seven (7) members elected in the manner provided in this chapter.

Sec. 2. (a) For purposes of this section, a reference to a common council district of the city is a reference to the district as it existed on January 1, 2007.

- (b) The city is divided into the following three (3) districts:
 - (1) District One consists of the first district of the common council and the second district of the common council.
 - (2) District Two consists of the third district of the common council and the fourth district of the common council.
 - (3) District Three consists of the fifth district of the common council and the sixth district of the common council.
- Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "district" refers to a district of the governing body established by section 2(b) of this chapter.
- Sec. 4. Beginning with the general election held in November 2008, and every four (4) years thereafter, three (3) members of the governing body shall be elected by voters of the districts as provided in this chapter. The candidate who receives the greatest number of votes among all candidates for a district seat is elected.

Sec. 5. (a) Beginning with the general election held in November 2008, and every four (4) years thereafter, one (1) member of the governing body shall be elected by all the voters of the school city











as provided in this chapter. The candidate who receives the greatest number of votes among all candidates for an at-large seat is elected.

- (b) Beginning with the general election held in November 2010, and every four (4) years thereafter, three (3) members of the governing body shall be elected by all the voters of the school city as provided in this chapter. The three (3) candidates who receive the greatest number of votes among all candidates for an at-large seat are elected.
- Sec. 6. Except as provided in this chapter, IC 3 applies to an election held under this chapter.
- Sec. 7. The circuit court clerk shall prepare a separate ballot to be used for governing body elections. Candidates shall appear on the ballot in alphabetical order.
- Sec. 8. (a) The term of a member of the governing body is four (4) years, beginning on January 1 following the member's election.
 - (b) A member may be reelected.

SECTION 68. IC 24-5-14-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3. (a) As used in this chapter, "commercial telephone solicitation" means any unsolicited call to a subscriber when:

- (1) the person initiating the call has not had a prior business or personal relationship with the subscriber; and
- (2) the purpose of the call is to solicit the purchase or the consideration of the purchase of goods or services by the subscriber.
- (b) The term does not include calls initiated by the following:
 - (1) The state or a political subdivision (as defined by IC 36-1-2-13) for exclusively public purposes.
 - (2) The United States or any of its subdivisions for exclusively public purposes (involving real property in Indiana).
 - (3) A public opinion polling organization.

SECTION 69. IC 24-5-14-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 5. (a) This section does not apply to messages:

- (1) from school districts to students, parents, or employees;
- (2) to subscribers with whom the caller has a current business or personal relationship; or
- (3) advising employees of work schedules; or
- (4) surveying public opinion by a public opinion polling organization.
- (b) A caller may not use or connect to a telephone line an automatic









dialing-announcing device unless:

- (1) the subscriber has knowingly or voluntarily requested, consented to, permitted, or authorized receipt of the message; or
- (2) the message is immediately preceded by a live operator who obtains the subscriber's consent before the message is delivered.".

Page 34, line 42, delete "IC 3-11-11-1.6." and insert "IC 3-11-11-1.6; IC 3-14-2-29.".

Page 35, line 10, after "IC 3-11-17-3" insert ",".

Page 35, line 10, delete "and IC 3-11-17-4, both".

Page 35, between lines 13 and 14, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 75. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) The Spencer County election board shall place the following public question on the November 2007 municipal election ballot in the town of Grandview in Spencer County:

"Would you support funding a storm water utility through a fee added to your utility bill?".

(b) The county election board shall print the following immediately below the public question stated in subsection (a):

"The vote on these statements is only advisory. The result of the vote on these statements is not binding on the Town of Grandview or any public official.".

- (c) The county election board shall tabulate the votes cast on the public question described in this SECTION and certify the results under IC 3-12-4-9. The circuit court clerk shall send a copy of the certification required by this subsection to the legislative body of the town of Grandview.
- (d) IC 3 applies to the public question placed on the ballot under this SECTION to the extent IC 3 is not inconsistent with this SECTION.
 - (e) This SECTION expires July 1, 2008.

SECTION 76. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) The definitions in IC 3-5-2 apply throughout this SECTION.

- (b) This SECTION applies to a proposed precinct establishment order:
 - (1) that was filed with the election division:
 - (A) after January 31, 2006; and
 - (B) before February 1, 2007;
 - (2) with respect to which technical comments were received from the office of census data concerning some or all of the order, which technical comments were transmitted to the election division before February 1, 2007; and
 - (3) that was not approved by the commission or the election











division under IC 3-11-1.5 before February 1, 2007.

- (c) Beginning June 1, 2007, and not later than August 31, 2007, the proposed precinct establishment order, as amended by the election division to respond to technical comments or to ensure compliance with state law, may be approved under IC 3-11-1.5-18 by the election division or by the Indiana election commission.
- (d) Notwithstanding IC 3-11-1.5, a proposed precinct establishment order approved under this SECTION is effective upon the earlier of the adoption of the order by the county under IC 3-11-1.5-18(e), or upon the approval of the commission under IC 3-11-1.5.
 - (e) This SECTION expires January 1, 2008.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 292 as printed February 2, 2007.)

PIERCE, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 11, nays 0.

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